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JOSIAH KING, NELSON P. REED, } Business Manag's.

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CITY ITEMS.

You Will

Find a Dental Establishment at 206 Penn street. Drs. Sill & Gillespie.

Grover & Baker's

Sewing Machines, removed from No. 18 to No. 105 Fifth street, above Smithfield street. may7:lw

To Wholesale Buyers

Of Dry Goods we offer bargains in job lots of Dress Goods, Pantings, Linen Goods, and full lines of Sheetings, Shirtings, Prints, Ticking, Checks, &c., all of which we will sell at the very lowest eastern cash prices.

J. W. BARKER & Co.

59 Market street, below Third & Fourth sts.

Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.

The Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh healthy livers, upon the sea-shore. It is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by CASWELL, MACK & Co. New York

Sold by all druggists. MW

Cloth and Silk Sacques.

Gardner & Stewart are showing a splendid assortment of these goods at very low prices, at their new store, on the west corner of Market and Fourth streets. 2w:eod

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,

No. 84 Market street, for Brown's Vermifuge Comfits, the best worm Medicine in use.

Pure Drugs!

Pure Drugs!! Pure Drugs!! Pure Drugs!!! at Kain & Druit's, Allegheny.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,

No. 84 Market Street, for good Sponges, at low rates.

You Can Buy

98 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy

New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Consolidation.

I am a citizen of Allegheny; yet, although the current of popular sentiment in this city seems to be at present against consolidation, my own mind is rather the other way; for I would prefer to be a citizen of one great city than of a comparatively small suburban city.

Allegheny has a population of 40,000, and is increasing rapidly. Its natural location is better than that of Pittsburgh; for it has more level ground—more room in which to expand. Its extensive commons, running entirely around a square central section of about sixteen compactly built blocks, is a beautiful feature; and when these four long expanses of open ground shall be improved as they may be, their value will be appreciated as it has never yet been.

But with all its beauty and desirableness, Allegheny can never be anything but an appendage, a suburb, of Pittsburgh; for the latter possesses, and is likely to retain, that prestige that gives character and importance to a city; and whether we agree to give up our separate existence or not, we must be considered by all the rest of the world outside as *a part of Pittsburgh*. We cannot help it. We are too near our dingy yet metropolitan sister to attempt to assert and maintain a separate and independent existence among the cities of the land. The situation is an awkward one, for we are hardly known by what we call home we are known as citizens of Allegheny; **abroad we are, with our consent, regarded as Pittsburghers.** Pittsburgh is known the world over as one of the important cities of the United States, which cannot be said of Allegheny. Pittsburgh owes no small part of its importance to this city, to the strength which its wealth and population add to that which lies on the other side of the Allegheny river; and when the presses and the Board of Trade of Pittsburgh make up the statistics of the population and importance of the place, they invariably count Allegheny in as a part of that great community known to the world as *Pittsburgh*. We cannot and do not complain that they do so, for it is correct; and citizens of both cities are found in the Board of Trade, and in the conduct of the press. We are one community, one city, and the mere matter of two municipal corporations does not, and can not, make us two. We are so closely connected that rivalry is out of the question, and is never thought of. Then why not be one in every respect, and have done with these distinctions without difference, and with the awkward phrase "these cities" which speakers and writers are obliged to use, when they speak of this community, which their innate sense tells them is only one?

Consolidation would enhance the value of property in Allegheny; for it would make it very nearly the center of the proposed great city, and give us free bridges over the Allegheny. Old Pittsburgh would be left as it were in a corner; and whatever effect the union of the two cities would have upon business would be to the advantage of the city side. We have four bridges across the Allegheny now; but were the city made one, and these bridges all free, the number would soon be doubled. In fact, the Allegheny would then flow directly through the heart of the city, and would not cause it to be felt as a barrier to intercourse between its opposite banks.

In this discussion I have said nothing about the other municipalities and townships, and parts of townships, which it is proposed to draw into this consolidated city. Let that question come when the time of its own share of the great question. Neither have I said anything about the very great extension of the limits of the city by the laying out of modern times. In old times, when it was necessary to build walls around cities, they were necessarily confined to narrow limits as Jerusalem, Babylon, within its walls, was larger than our proposed city. Old London was walled, and now the part within the walls enclosed is but a little spot within the huge metropolis which has swallowed it up. Philadelphia, Penn laid it out, was at that time supposed to be projected on a large and liberal scale; but long ago the population began to overflow his boundaries, and numerous disjointed municipalities sprang up, causing great confusion, impediments and trouble. A few years ago, however, after a protracted struggle and opposition, all these, together with the entire county of Philadelphia, were consolidated into one great city. It was a bold and grand enterprise, and has been followed by a measure of growth and prosperity before unknown in that city. Philadelphia is now nearly four times as large as it is proposed to make Pittsburgh; St. Louis is about the same size, Brooklyn is about the same; Cincinnati and Chicago are but little larger; for it has more level ground—more room in which to expand. Its extensive commons, running entirely around a square central section of about sixteen compactly built blocks, is a beautiful feature; and when these four long expanses of open ground shall be improved as they may be, their value will be appreciated as it has never yet been.

But with all its beauty and desirableness, Allegheny can never be anything but an appendage, a suburb, of Pittsburgh; for the latter possesses, and is likely to retain, that prestige that gives character and importance to a city; and whether we agree to give up our separate existence or not, we must be considered by all the rest of the world outside as *a part of Pittsburgh*. We cannot help it. We are too near our dingy yet metropolitan sister to attempt to assert and maintain a separate and independent existence among the cities of the land. The situation is an awkward one, for we are hardly known by what we call home we are known as citizens of Allegheny; **abroad we are, with our consent, regarded as Pittsburghers.** Pittsburgh is known the world over as one of the important cities of the United States, which cannot be said of Allegheny. Pittsburgh owes no small part of its importance to this city, to the strength which its wealth and population add to that which lies on the other side of the Allegheny river; and when the presses and the Board of Trade of Pittsburgh make up the statistics of the population and importance of the place, they invariably count Allegheny in as a part of that great community known to the world as *Pittsburgh*. We cannot and do not complain that they do so, for it is correct; and citizens of both cities are found in the Board of Trade, and in the conduct of the press. We are one community, one city, and the mere matter of two municipal corporations does not, and can not, make us two. We are so closely connected that rivalry is out of the question, and is never thought of. Then why not be one in every respect, and have done with these distinctions without difference, and with the awkward phrase "these cities" which speakers and writers are obliged to use, when they speak of this community, which their innate sense tells them is only one?

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I would be glad to see this important local question well discussed, but without a tinge of bitterness. Passion and jealousy have no business in such a discussion; for those who advocate consolidation and those who oppose it, are doubtless actuated by motives equally good; and that both are alike desirous of promoting the best interests of "these cities" is unquestionably true. NORTH SIDE.

—A New York correspondent in a Mobile paper thus speaks of the temptation of the race course. "One of the habitues of a certain Broadway sporting house was worth twenty years ago, a young man of 25 years of age. He was engaged in a business that paid him thirty thousand a year, and he had the *entree* of the best society. His father was a millionaire banker, and all of his family connections were of the first respectability. Accompanying a friend to the race course he was there and then seized with a passion for owning fast horses and dashed into the sports of the turf. In a short time he had a stable stocked with the best animals to be had, and his bets were the wonder and envy of the less fortunate in pocket. Luck was against him. He lost heavily; his business went down; one after another his horses died on his hands; his stable was sold, then his house; his old friends dropped off; his wife died and his children became scattered: and he now spends his nights and days loitering about bar-rooms, and listening to the horse-talk of jockeys and gamblers. This man would probably be worth a million to-day if he had kept clear of the race-course."

—A Boston paper says: "A New York weekly paper is publishing a long and extremely personal notice concerning members of the 'upper ten' of that city. It says: 'Mr. G——, of Gotham, is the handsomest man in New York, and Clara S—— has the prettiest hand, while Kittie F——, of Fifth avenue, is the Cleopatra of her sex.' This record could be made still more valuable and interesting. For instance: Miss P. has the largest ankle in Fifth avenue; Miss Q. wears a No. 7 boot; Miss R. has a large mole on her left shoulder; Miss S. has twenty-six springs in her hoop-skirt; Miss T. dotes on fish balls; Miss U. has a glass eye; Miss V. snores; Miss W. finds scented tooth powder quite unavailing; Miss X. has epileptic fits; Miss Y. is b—ndy; Miss Z. is the ugliest of her sex."

—The Buffalo *Commercial* tells the story of a man from the country, who called at a hardware store in that city and after being shown a large assortment of scissors' turned to the clerk, remarking, "My wife's putty sick, and its 'bout an even thing if she gets any better, I'll wait and see if she gets well 'fore I buy any scissors."

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Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXII.—NO. 108. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK.

FROM EUROPE.

Peace Congress Meeting.

HESITATION AS TO THE BASIS.

France and Prussia Arming.

FINANCIAL DISTRUST AND ALARM.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

THE PEACE CONGRESS.

LONDON, May 7.—The Conference of European Governments for the settlement of the conflicting claims of France and Prussia, in regard to the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, will meet in this city to-day. It is reported that the leading powers will hesitate to carry out the proposition for guaranteeing the neutralization of Luxemburg, and that the people of the Grand Duchy are for annexation to Belgium.

The Government has accepted the Liberal amendment to the Reform bill, providing for the lodger franchise.

IRELAND.

FENIAN PRISONER CONVICTED.

DUBLIN, May 7.—The Fenian prisoner Connelly, was to-day convicted of high treason by the Commission, and the prisoner Clark was acquitted and discharged from custody.

LONDON, May 8.—*Evening*—A dispatch from Dublin states that the Fenian McCafferty has been found guilty.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, May 7.—*Evening*—Cotton quiet. Consolidated 7s. Lance opening; quoted 6¾ mixed Western. Naval stores tending downward.

LONDON, May 7.—*Noon*—Consols 91¼; bonds 71¾; Illinois Central 75½; Erie 42.

LIVERPOOL, May 7.—*Noon*—Cotton quiet and unchanged.

FROM NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 7, 1867.

PRESBYTERIAN RE-UNION.

The Joint Committee of the two Presbyterian General Assemblies, Old and New Schools, after a session of a week, in this city, agreed upon terms of re-union with remarkable unanimity. These terms are to go before the churches for a year before final action.

ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY ANNIVERSARY.

The thirty-fourth anniversary of the American Anti-Slavery Society was held to-day. The attendance was large. Wendell Phillips, who presided, was the ruling speaker. Resolutions were adopted that the nation owes to itself, in respect to Justice, and to the future security and prosperity of the colored race, to impeach and remove the traitor of the White House at once; every hour Congress delays that action, instils into the nation the virus that jeopardizes its future, delays justice, and makes more and more innocent blood cry to God against us; that we urge on all friends of freedom to keep vigilant and ceaseless watch on the Supreme Court and the present Chief Justice, and to use every effort in order to block the wheels of government; that a large measure of confiscation and the division of confiscated land among the negroes are but a just measure of relief to them and the former rebelliousness of the land, and will be security to their other rights and to the nation itself. Adjourned.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE—CONTRADICTION.

Another Washington special says it is not true that Chief Justice Chase will be in Richmond next week to preside at Jefferson Davis's trial. He will not leave the bench of the Supreme Court until the close of the present term, on the 20th of May. He will then be occupied for two days in concluding the nominations for registers in bankruptcy.

HOTEL SITE SOLD.

The block bounded by Fifth and Madison avenues, and Fifty-ninth and Sixtieth streets, which was purchased for the site of the grand hotel, which is now abandoned, sold at auction, May 1st, for $1,100,000. The lots cost $350,000 eighteen months ago.

THE IMPEACHMENT INVESTIGATION.

The Judiciary Committee will probably remain in session two or three weeks, and then adjourn to Saratoga for a vacation, the conveyance of the Kansas Branch Union Pacific Railroad.

THE JAPANESE MISSION.

A Washington special says the Japanese Commissioners have informed Secretary Seward, privately, of the object of their mission, and have had an interview with Secretary Welles, relative to the purchase of vessels.

HORSES SUFFOCATED.

Thirty-five horses were suffocated to death by a fire in the stable of J. R. Halsey, on Broadway and Twenty-sixth streets, early this morning.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

Supreme Court Decision—Outlaws Hanged in Kansas—Message of Mayor Thomas—Ball at Pacific Hotel.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, May 7.—The Supreme Court today gave a decision in the case of Drenmann vs. Stifel, appealed from the Circuit Court, affirming the decision of the lower Court. The suit was originally brought for the possession of property seized by Col. Stifel, for military purposes, he having commanded a regiment of home guards, in 1861, and which he has still retained. The decision is based upon an ordinance passed by the old State Convention, which prohibits civil or criminal action against any person for acts performed by virtue of military authority.

The Kansas city *Journal* says thirty outlaws have been hanged by the Vigilance Committee in Jackson and Platte counties, during the winter and spring.

Mayor Thomas, in his annual message, delivered to the City Councils this afternoon, says the bonded debt of the city is $5,671,500, an increase of $1,000,000 in two years. The estimated revenue for the present year is $1,051,000; estimated expenses for the same time, $1,026,000.

The United States Treasurer has delivered to the Union Pacific Railway, Kansas branch, bonds on thirty miles of road accepted by Commissioners on April 27th. Another section of this road, twenty miles West of Salina, will be ready for inspection.

The first last night made ice in some localities, and it is said much damage has been done to vegetation, especially to early berries.

Meeting of the St. Louis Workingmen.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, May 7.—The meeting of workingman at the Court House last night was very large, enthusiastic, harmonious and quiet. Several prominent speakers addressing the meeting, all of whom deprecated violence of any kind, but strongly urged unity of action and determination to stand by the eight hour law. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the workingmen of the city of St. Louis in council assembled, do here declare that we are determined, as law abiding citizens, to enforce the law making eight hours a legal day's work, and will accept a reasonable reduction of our wages.

Resolved, That we will discountenance and attempt to enforce the law by any improper means, believing our cause too just to be carried by any force other than moral suasion.

Resolved, That we invite all opponents to the eight hour law to meet us at any time and place they may deem proper, to discuss the merits or demerits of the question before the public.

Considerable excitement occurred yesterday among the workingmen in East St. Louis, and a riot was imminent at one time, but matters were quieted down by earnest appeals from leading men. The laborers finally concluded to go to work on the eight hour rule for a proportionate reduction of wages.

Tobacco Fair in Kentucky.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, May 7.—The Tobacco Fair and premium sale, at Kenton's warehouse, Covington, Ky., of leaf tobacco, was largely attended. Dealers from all the principal cities were present. The first premium was awarded to E. K. Davis, of Owen county, Kentucky, and sold to Spence, Bros. & Co., of Cincinnati, for $40.25 per hundred. second premium to John Jewett, of Owen county, Kentucky, and sold to J. H. Ropke, of Louisville, for $39 per hundred. The premium was thirty dollars in gold.

Sunday Street Car Matter.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, May 7.—The City Councils have decided adversely on the application made for an injunction to restrain the city passenger cars from running on Sunday.

Maryland Constitutional Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, May 7.—The Maryland Constitutional Convention meets at Annapolis to-morrow.

LATE CONDENSED NEWS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

—The Reform Demonstration in Hyde Park, London, on Monday, (says a Cable special to the New York *Herald*) was an immense affair. It numbered at least one hundred thousand, embracing roughs, gentlemen, women, children and workingmen. Sir Robert Walpole's proclamation that the assembly was illegal proved utterly abortive. The morning papers announced that the government would not attempt to put down the meeting, but all the troops in London and vicinity were under arms, and a large force of police was concealed in a secluded part of the park, and vehicles were kept ready to convey them to any point in case of riot. Fifteen separate meetings were organized, at one of which a woman spoke in favor of female suffrage. A stand was devoted to religious speeches. Most of the revolutionary sentiments uttered by the speakers were loudly cheered. As the police passed by the crowd, the former advocated order, and practically carried out that idea by driving off the trees in the park the roughs who perched in the branches. The entire press denounced the course of the Government. The tories treat the meetings as a mob victory, while the reformers claim them as a splendid popular triumph. The bitterest feeling exists on both sides, and all London is intensely excited. Some of the meetings were still in progress, and will continue until a late hour.

—Judge Miller, of the United States District Court, at Milwaukee, has granted an injunction against the Directors of the Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Railroad, prohibiting the consolidation of the Milwaukee and St. Paul with the Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien, or paying any dividends, interest, or any money on account of stocks issued by the present Board of Directors.

—The *Victoria Colonist*, the oldest and most widely circulated journal in Vancouver Island, British Columbia, says editorially April 30th: "Nine out of every ten men of the colony, in their present state of wretchedness and poverty, would welcome annexation to the United States." These remarks were called forth by the rumor that England was about to sell her possessions to the United States.

—Alexander Cummings, having resigned the Governorship of Colorado, has entered his securities as Internal Revenue Collector of the Fourth District, in Philadelphia.

—T. Parker Scott, recently elected City Judge of Baltimore, it is stated has appointed Chas. Hollins, ex-commander of the rebel steam ram, and also other ex-confederates, to office in the court.

—Additional returns indicate that the entire Democratic ticket has been elected in Kentucky. Full returns from the Eighth and Ninth Districts are not in, but so far as heard from, Young and Adams, Democrats, have a majority.

—Governor Blooder has been granted leave of absence for one year from the first of June, owing to ill health. Gen. John C. Robinson succeeds him in command of the Department of the Lakes.

—Pollard, of Richmond, having appealed to Gen. Schofield, against the order of Gen. Wilcox prohibiting Pollard from delivering his lecture on the Chivalry of the South, Gen. Schofield has sustained the order.

—George A. Trenholm, Mr. Welsman, his partner, and Col. Weatherby, all of Charleston, have been examined in the impeachment investigation.

—The Japanese Commissioners will visit the Naval School at Annapolis, to-morrow.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 7.—The Savage Mining Company has declared a dividend of $100 per foot, payable in coin, on the 10th inst. Not for three years past has the mining stocks market been so active. The prices are generally higher. Hale & Norcross quoted thirty-six hundred and fifty; Savage thirty-four hundred and fifty; Crown Point, nineteen hundred; Yellow Jacket, seventeen hundred.

Flour firm and prices unchanged. Wheat dull, at $2,45. Legal tenders, 74c.

FROM CANADA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTREAL, May 7.—A Cabinet Council will be held on Friday. All the ministers in the country were to be present, including Cartier, who is now in Europe. It is also understood that Hon. Mr. McDougall will be the leader of Reform in this section for the sovereign and Provincial Unions.

The engineer officers have commenced preliminary operations in regard to the fortifications of Quebec.

It is announced that Hon. John Rose will be Lieut. Governor of New Brunswick.

FROM RICHMOND.

Negro Put Off a Street Car—Mass Meeting—Confiscation Favored.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, May 7.—A negro to-day attempted to ride in one of the cars appropriated to white people. The case will be laid before the Grand Jury of the United States Court.

A large meeting of negroes to-night was addressed by Haywood, of Massachusetts, and Marsh, of Virginia, both favoring confiscation.

American Medical Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, May 7.—The American Medical Association met in Mozart Hall this morning. About two-hundred and fifty delegates were present, representing all parts of the Union. The Convention will be in session several days.

River Telegrams.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, May 7.—River stationary, with nine and a half feet water in canal by mark.

MEMPHIS, May 7.—Weather clear and cool. River rose two inches in the past twenty-four hours.

New Albany (Ind.) Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ALBANY, IND., May 7.—The entire Democratic ticket for city officers was elected by a large majority. Samuel Patterson, for Mayor, had over six hundred majority. Only one radical councilman was elected.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Queen Victoria now has ten grandchildren.

—Berkshire still enjoys snow banks twenty feet deep.

—500 new buildings are going up at Scranton, Penna.

—Three the old cow died of in England—the cattle disease.

—A woman in Mason, Mich., poisoned her third husband by putting arsenic in his coffee.

—A decrease of 1,401 took place in the population of Ireland in the last quarter of 1866.

—Lizards of a lovely bronze color in Detroit have found their way into human stomachs.

—Wisconsin has a new law which disqualifies liquor sellers from holding office of justice of the peace.

—The journeymen painters of Saint Omer, France, have struck for an increase of 25 per cent. on their wages.

—The emigration of French Canadians from Canada to the United States continues with unabated vigor.

—The migration of tenants in New York on the first day of May cost about $200,000. Cartmen count up their "spiles."

—The movement to permit places of amusement for the poorer classes to be opened on Sundays is urged in England.

—A tender-hearted railway engineer says he never runs over a cow when he can help it, because it "musses up the track so."

—The Irish Lord Chancellor's Secretary has netted $5,000 per annum by attending magistrates since the Fenian outbreak.

—A den of thirty-six black snakes was discovered in Leicester, Mass., a few days since. The reptiles were of various sizes—some being about four feet long.

—Unruly boys in East Boston are giving their teachers considerable trouble. A few days since one of the gang (organized to resist their teachers,) was punished for some misdemeanor, when brought up for correction, resisted. The master, admonished by the recent case in the Dwight school, sent the boy home; but the scamp on his way tore the skin of his face, and presented himself to his parents covered with blood, and his clothes partly torn. The indignant father brought the boy to the Police Station, breathing legal vengeance against barbarous master; but a little investigation revealed the fact that the master had not punished him at all, and that the young rogue had punished himself.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 7, 1867.

REGISTRY COMPLETED.

The registry of this city is completed. About 15,800 is the entire number of names, of which there is a majority of 900 white voters.

BONDS DELIVERED.

Gen. M. J. Palmer, Treasurer of the Union Pacific Railroad, eastern division, has received $480,000 in United States bonds, being the amount due on the seventh section of thirty miles of their completed road, just accepted by the Government Commissioners.

THE WEST VIRGINIA CASE.

The case of Virginia vs. West Virginia was argued in the Supreme Court to-day.

FRANCE AND PRUSSIA ARMING.

Notwithstanding the preliminaries looking to the preservation of peace, France and Prussia are both rapidly arming. This course is producing distrust and alarm in financial circles here and elsewhere.

GEOLOGIST APPOINTED.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office has, with the sanction of the Department of the Interior, appointed Dr. S. V. Hayden, Professor of Geology and Mineralogy in the University of Pennsylvania, to make the geological examination of Nebraska, authorized by the act approved March 24, 1867.

NAVAL ACADEMY APPOINTMENTS.

The following is a list of the candidates selected by the President for appointment to the Naval Academy as midshipmen at large: John Downes, of Massachusetts, son of late Commander John Downes; Duncan Converse, Ohio; William A. Durhurst, New Hampshire; J. T. Edson, New York; Abram K. Mechler, District of Columbia, son of Brevet Brigadier General N. Mechler; William T. R. Cooly, Maryland; Thomas S. Plunkett, Tennessee; Joseph H. Sands, District of Columbia, son of Commodore B. S. Sands; Frank L. Clark, Kentucky; Persin Busbee, North Carolina.

FROM MEMPHIS.

The Races—Plantations Overflowed and Planters Starving—Riverman Stabbed—Hon. W. D. Kelly on His Tour—Nicolson Pavement.

MEMPHIS, May 7.—At races to-day, in the sweepstakes, mile heats, best in 3, Mollie Austin won; time, 2:32¾. Second race; four entries, Cleburn, Kingmaster and Lizzie Woodford ran second heat, which was won by Kingmaster; first heat, 1:37¾; second heat, 1:35½; third heat, 1:36½.

Reports from the plantations south of the levy on the river are overflowed, and the planters are in a starving condition.

The levee in front of the principal streets during the high stage of water has caused the planters in the bends to ignore them. Trade is now going to St. Louis.

Wm. Whitehead was shot and killed Jas. Austin, a river man, last night. The wound is not serious.

Hon. W. D. Kelly addressed an audience of white and black radicals, this evening, in Greenlaw's Opera House. The crowd was quite small.

Women have broke ground to lay the Nicolson pavement.

A mad dog bit a little girl this morning.

INDIANA ELECTIONS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., May 7.—The election for city officers held to-day resulted in the success of the Republican ticket by from one to two hundred majority. The Democrats gain four or five Councilmen.

At Lawrenceburg, Indiana, the Republican ticket is elected by fifty to one hundred majority.

At Fort Wayne the entire Republican ticket is elected by a large majority.

At Cambridge City the Temperance ticket was successful over the Democratic and Republican tickets.

At Terre Haute elects a Democratic Mayor by eleven majority.

At Terre Haute the entire Democratic ticket was elected by two to three hundred majority.

FROM CHICAGO.

The Eight Hour System Subsiding—Work Resumed Generally.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 7.—The troubles growing out of the eight hour movement are rapidly subsiding, and the attempts to-day, as understood that Hon. Mr. McDougall will be the leader of Reform in this section for the sovereign and Provincial Unions.

The engineer officers have commenced preliminary operations in regard to the fortifications of Quebec.

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[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, May 7.—A negro to-day attempted to ride in one of the cars appropriated to white people. The case will be laid before the Grand Jury of the United States Court.

A large meeting of negroes to-night was addressed by Haywood, of Massachusetts, and Marsh, of Virginia, both favoring confiscation.

American Medical Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, May 7.—The American Medical Association met in Mozart Hall this morning. About two-hundred and fifty delegates were present, representing all parts of the Union. The Convention will be in session several days.

River Telegrams.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, May 7.—River stationary, with nine and a half feet water in canal by mark.

MEMPHIS, May 7.—Weather clear and cool. River rose two inches in the past twenty-four hours.

New Albany (Ind.) Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ALBANY, IND., May 7.—The entire Democratic ticket for city officers was elected by a large majority. Samuel Patterson, for Mayor, had over six hundred majority. Only one radical councilman was elected.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Queen Victoria now has ten grandchildren.

—Berkshire still enjoys snow banks twenty feet deep.

—500 new buildings are going up at Scranton, Penna.

—Three the old cow died of in England—the cattle disease.

—A woman in Mason, Mich., poisoned her third husband by putting arsenic in his coffee.

—A decrease of 1,401 took place in the population of Ireland in the last quarter of 1866.

—Lizards of a lovely bronze color in Detroit have found their way into human stomachs.

—Wisconsin has a new law which disqualifies liquor sellers from holding office of justice of the peace.

—The journeymen painters of Saint Omer, France, have struck for an increase of 25 per cent. on their wages.

—The emigration of French Canadians from Canada to the United States continues with unabated vigor.

—The migration of tenants in New York on the first day of May cost about $200,000. Cartmen count up their "spiles."

—The movement to permit places of amusement for the poorer classes to be opened on Sundays is urged in England.

—A tender-hearted railway engineer says he never runs over a cow when he can help it, because it "musses up the track so."

—The Irish Lord Chancellor's Secretary has netted $5,000 per annum by attending magistrates since the Fenian outbreak.

—A den of thirty-six black snakes was discovered in Leicester, Mass., a few days since. The reptiles were of various sizes—some being about four feet long.

—Unruly boys in East Boston are giving their teachers considerable trouble. A few days since one of the gang (organized to resist their teachers,) was punished for some misdemeanor, when brought up for correction, resisted. The master, admonished by the recent case in the Dwight school, sent the boy home; but the scamp on his way tore the skin of his face, and presented himself to his parents covered with blood, and his clothes partly torn. The indignant father brought the boy to the Police Station, breathing legal vengeance against barbarous master; but a little investigation revealed the fact that the master had not punished him at all, and that the young rogue had punished himself.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

Allegheny Board of Control.

A stated meeting of the Allegheny Board of Controllers of Public Schools was held last evening at the Fourth ward School House, Sandusky street.

Present: Messrs. Barr, Brown, Boyle, Barker, Benney, Chadwick, Francis, Kay, King, Loomis, Lockhart, McClinton, McCance, Pitcairn, Ross, Scott, Thorn, Young, and President Clark.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The report of the First Ward Board, stating that the schools were in an extremely flourishing condition, was read and accepted.

The Second Ward Board reported the attendance at the schools, which they represented was larger during the month of April than in the winter months. Messrs. Lee and King having removed from the ward, the Board reported that Mr. Alex. Leggate had been appointed to fill the place of Mr. King, and Mr. John Thompson to fill the place of Mr. Lee. Resolutions highly complimentary to the ability with which Mr. Lee had discharged his duties, were presented and passed unanimously.

Mr. Brown also stated that Mr. King had removed from the city to Reserve township, and that under the law he was not entitled to a seat in the Board. Mr. King enjoyed the respect and confidence of the Board, but their duty in the matter was imperative.

Mr. King, in explanation, stated that when he removed to Observatory Hill, in Reserve township, he had concluded to resign his position in the school Board; but being a resident of that part of the township lately incorporated by Act of Assembly into the city of Allegheny, and which, under the new division of wards, would fall within the boundaries of the Second ward, he had been advised not to resign, and asked the Board to look to the matter over for the present.

After considerable discussion, Mr. Scott stated that the Board had not, in his opinion, any jurisdiction, and moved that the matter of Mr. King's eligibility be referred back to the Local Committee.

Mr. Young moved that the appointments of the Local Board of the Second Ward be confirmed.

Mr. Scott opposed the amendment, believing that it would be a bad precedent to establish.

The yeas and nays were then taken on the amendment (the members from the second ward being excused from voting), resulting, yeas 7, nays 9. The amendment was declared lost.

The original motion, referring the matter back to the Second Ward Board, was then adopted, and that portion of the report substituting Mr. Thompson in place of Mr. Lee, was confirmed.

Reports from the Third and Fourth Ward Boards, and from the Principal of the colored schools, were read and adopted.

Mr. Brown offered a resolution providing for the appointment of a Committee of five to confer with the Committee on Drill Rooms of Wards, of City Councils, in order that the school interests should not be overlooked. The resolution was adopted, and by Messrs. Scott, Brown, Barr, Loomis, and Ross appointed said committee.

A communication from Messrs. Moore & Chambers was submitted by the Secretary, proposing to dispose of their lot and shop on Webster street, to be used for the purpose of a colored school, for the sum of $6,000.

Mr. Brown stated that a lot on Poplar street, Third ward, could be obtained for $1,000.

A motion authorizing the Committee on Colored Schools to purchase the lot recommended by Mr. Brown, was adopted.

The Board then adjourned.

The Black Crook.

Pittsburgh has had a sight at the Black Crook. Never before have we seen together at any place of public amusement so large audience as that which assembled at Wieman's Opera House last night. To witness many for the initial performance of the Black Crook. Every aisle, corner and nook of the commodious Opera House was occupied to the fullest capacity with an eager, wide-awake audience, impatient to witness the representation of the spectacular drama about which they had heard so much and read so much. Whether the play is not, as we might have been led to believe through the New York press, will then be generally known. The drama. Many ladies, it is true, do appear in costumes which belt the body at a distance of about two inches from the hips, in a way especially calculated to take the breath from the head, but similar compromises in dress, outside of the Black Crook, have never challenged censure from the fastidious people. We remember to have seen the artist at first class Italian Opera, but a short time ago, at which our fashionable people were in raptures, who exposed a less amount of clothing than is allowed on the stages of the lowest places of amusement in the metropolis. Certainly her light costume had not its equal in the Black Crook production as put on the stage last night. There is not much in the play to commend itself, but the scenery is grandly beautiful. The fairy castles and palaces, the banquet tables, cakes of gold, wizards' palaces, and other beautiful scenes in tinsel and gold, are the most magnificent specimens of the kind we have witnessed. The mechanical effects are wonderful, baffling successfully human wisdom to explain them, and the audience last night is intoxicated and deceived. Manager Henderson has placed the Black Crook on the stage in a style of elegance and grandeur which will secure it a successful run of over a fortnight at least. The actors are all pretty well up to their parts, although last night appeared to be to advantage last night than they will be expected to do to-night. We might suggest to Mr. Henderson that the bald head does devil's face, something taken off the length of his first imp's nose, a better suit of clothes put on Hotto and, Leak supplied with a costume less shabby, where all the surroundings are so brilliant. We do not advise cutting out the Black Crook dance, but suggest that it is less objectionable than most of the plays put upon the stage. If they raise it, they will deprive themselves of the greatest beauty in the scenic, and mechanical effects ever placed on the stage in this city.

Fair and Festival.

Under the auspices of the teachers in the Seventh Ward Mission Sabbath School, there opened, last evening, at Wilkins Hall, Fourth street, a grand fair and festival which will be continued this and to-morrow afternoons and evenings. We visited the hall last night and found a goodly number in attendance, although the rare opportunity of spending an evening pleasantly should have been embraced by many more. The tables are handsomely ornamented and are well supplied with articles useful and adornment, many of them exhibiting exquisite specimens of the handiwork of the accomplished ladies and gentlemen of the "nonsense quilt," so-called from its unique and grotesque design, attracts universal attention, and is constantly changing. For the benefit of readers will be repaid in a visit to the fair by an examination of this piece of delicate tracing and needle work. Several refreshment tables, with an elegant dining hall, are also among the attractions, and from the epicurean ability of the young ladies in charge of the latter, we can safely vouch for a good meal to all who call upon them. As the proceeds of the fair are to be applied to the purchase of the building now occupied as a Sabbath school, we trust it may be visited by the charitable and that it may prove largely remunerative. Certainly no where else can an evening be passed more pleasantly, and the enjoyment will be sweetened by the knowledge

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 1867.

DISHONESTY IN POLITICS.

A time was in this country when journalism was at so low an ebb that almost every secular newspaper was a mere appendage of one or other of the political parties. The function of a journalist was then, not to find out the True and the Right and defend and exalt it, but to ascertain what his party had done or meant to do, and to justify the particular act by all the dialectic and argumentative resources at his command. His position towards his party was the same as that of a lawyer towards his client, except that he was to starve for his devotion, as he well deserved to do.

Since then journalism has advanced to a more useful and honorable position. The allegiance of the journalist is acknowledged not so much to a party as to the public; to a cause rather than to individuals. It would be an exaggeration to assert that all journalists feel this, and act fully up to the conviction; but a good many do and the general tendency is in that direction. Of course, there are those who do not partake of this better impulse.

For several months past republican newspapers in this and other States have felt constrained to expose and rebuke Legislative corruptions. They have spoken with great plainness and fidelity, as there was abundant need they should.

Other republican journals have been filled with alarm and earnestly entreated them to desist. Their appeal has been, "our friends are in the majority, and so have a peculiar responsibility for what is done; if you talk in this way they will be disgraced and the control slip out of their hands."

We do not see the case in this light. Every man of ordinary intelligence in Pennsylvania, for instance, knows that legislation is bought and sold at Harrisburg; and that the Republicans for some years past have had a majority in the Senate and House of Representatives. If journals of Republican proclivities either deny the existence of this evil, or, admitting it, labor to palliate its enormity, the natural inference is that the party sanction the rascality. If these journals speak out against it, in clear and distinct tones, giving the public to understand what is wrong, and who are concerned therein, so far as they are able, the responsibility is shifted from the party to the backs of the individual offenders, where it properly belongs. If the case was otherwise, the duty of honorable journalists would not be altered. A party that connives at or tolerates corruption in its public men, does not deserve confidence and support, no matter how excellent may be the doctrines it holds and the measures it maintains.

Put some of the leading Democratic journals take another view, by which they just as clearly dishonor themselves and their party in the judgments of all discriminating and fair-minded observers. They say, "beyond doubt great corruptions exist in the Legislatures, and the Republican journals who cry out against it do well. But, then, as the Republicans have more men in the Legislatures than the Democrats, they are exclusively responsible. Put them out, and put more of our men in, and see how admirably affairs will be managed." What is uppermost with these journals is not to expose dishonesty and make it odious, but to gain a party advantage. They care more for suppressing Republicans than for suppressing corrupt legislation.

Democrats who chance to have seats in General Assemblies are no more scrupulous than Republicans. Nay, if we were to republish all the divisions made last winter at Harrisburg on bills notoriously involving plunder, it would be seen that ratably to aggregate numbers more Democrats than Republicans voted on the wrong side. It seemed as if the Democrats took advantage of their minority to work all manner of nastiness. What Democratic member of the Legislature was heard to protest against the tide of debauchery that swept through the chambers? If one raised his voice, it was so feebly lifted it could not be heard. The truth is, participation in plunder begets an infamous brotherhood more potent than party obligations and interests. What care the lobby or their tools and accomplices inside for party, except as means for obtaining elections? But, in time past the Democrats were tried as thoroughly in majorities as they have latterly been in minorities, and were found as absolutely wanting. They invented and brought to perfection the whole system of corrupt legislation, and practiced it so unblushingly that their bad reputation in this particular contributed greatly to their unpopularity and consequent banishment from power. It is quite too late for them to assume a virtuous indignation in matters of this sort; and particularly to base on that indignation an appeal to be taken back into confidence and reinstated in authority.

The fact is corruption in public affairs has assumed alarming dimensions. It has been growing steadily, and reached such a pitch it laughs at exposure and snaps its fingers at consequences. What is needful is that each party hunt its own bad men out of public life, and put its best men forward. This is easily said, but as affairs stand difficult to do. To a certain extent, and in particular localities, bad men have party organizations in their hands, and it requires more than ordinary stamina to strike out improper names when they are once on the ticket. The feeling is prevalent among political men that a bad man of their own party is better and safer than a good one of the other side. But, beyond this, it is sometimes hard to get the best men to take offices. They have important concerns of their own, which require attention, and yield legitimate profits, which legislative offices never do, and they will not sacrifice private convenience to the public good. This class of men are largely responsible for the condition of affairs which all good men, of all parties, profoundly deplore. Their sin is one of omission, but it is as fatal in its consequences as any sin of commission.

THE Hyde Park demonstration was an immense one. Though the British Ministers professed unbounded confidence in the people, they took good care to have all the troops stationed near London in readiness in case of need. No occasion was found for the troops; but the government discovered a hundred thousand reasons for accepting a liberal amendment to the Reform Bill.

IT IS now quite certain that JEFFERSON DAVIS will be tried at the present term of the Circuit Court at Richmond. It is full time he was disposed of.

EUROPEAN COMPLICATIONS.

For weeks past accounts from Europe have presented a vivid picture of the struggle between Prussia and France for supremacy. It would be misleading to assume that this struggle is confined to the two monarchs and their courts. The time has gone by, when the government of a great nation can be exclusively or mainly personal or dynastic. Abundant evidence exists that the bulk of the population of the respective countries enter fully into the controversy, and are quite as ready as their rulers for any measures, no matter how extreme, that give fair promise of success. National ambition is inflamed on both sides. The Prussians welcome a rising greatness; while the French are irritated by a sense of decaying prestige.

Prussia, in her bearing, and all the details thereof, betrays a consciousness of suddenly acquired power and authority. Against France alone she refused to recede or even to negotiate. Only when all the first-class nations, including her own allies, interposed to present an appeal to arms, for which they were not ready, did she consent to parley. Five years ago she would not, for one instant, have taken so bold and defiant an attitude. She is not what she was. From a third-rate power she has risen by genius and valor to the leadership of Germany, and disputes with France the leadership of Europe. Her success challenges admiration and enlists support. All Germany rally to her side. Hereditary jealousies and alienations are stifled and appeased in her presence.

Nor has she need to hurry preparations. She is ready. For a score of years she has been planning to meet this crisis, which is of her own creation. She has fully comprehended that France would not consent to be overtopped without exhausting all the means of preservation within her reach.

The retention or abandonment of the fortresses of Luxemburg is only an incident of the quarrel. If there were no such fortresses and no such provinces the controversy would remain the same in essense; only its immaterial peculiarities would be altered. If not brought to a head here, and submitted to the arbitrament of war, the quarrel will inevitably gather at some other point, and run its predestined course.

France is in a dilemma. Her Emperor feels the embarrassments by which he is environed. He is not ready. He hesitates. He talks of avoiding war if he can, and yet maintain his honor. If that was the rub, he would not care. Success is dearer to him than honor; or, rather, he counts success to be honor. Having conspired, and been betrayed; planned, and been frustrated; embarked upon grand enterprises and been baffled and defeated; put forth gigantic pretensions and been exposed as a charlatan; he has no need to be sensitive on a point of honor. Besides, if he had only half the wisdom he claims for himself and his adulators claim for him, he must have perceived that it was useless to raise a collateral issue, until he was prepared for the main one. Besides, his ear is not so dull but it must detect the mutterings of discontent on the part of his subjects.

France chafes under her comparative subordination. But whether she is most aggrieved by the secondary part she is forced to play, or by the want of wisdom in her ruler which laid her open to that necessity, admits of question. A time was when LOUIS NAPOLEON was reputed the first statesman in Europe. A succession of important events ran in his favor. The condition of the empire made him indispensable to its tranquility. He had the gift of silence which has imparted to many a common man a reputation for superior sagacity. He had a further essential advantage in the fact that all his early contemporaries among European statesmen were either past their prime or were naturally inferior. Since then another class have entered upon the scene—some of whom have, indeed, already passed away. CAVOUR and BISMARK were of a mold superior to NAPOLEON, and their achievements cast him into the shade. In every negotiation in which they were matched against him their superiority was proclaimed. Indeed, they led him to the espousal of principles, just in themselves, and potently contributing to their occult designs, obvious and essential applications of which he did not foresee, and which, fairly made, would be fatal to his ambition, if not to the territorial integrity of his empire.

While NAPOLEON protests his anxiety to avoid a rupture, he is making the most gigantic efforts for meeting it if it shall occur. The security of his dynasty requires bold, decisive and successful measures at his hands. France pardons mediocrity, but will not forgive failure; least of all now, when success is demanded not simply by her vanity, or her ambition, but by her interests and necessities.

It happens unfortunately for France that while such is her international condition she is holding the World's Exposition of Art and Industry in her capital. She summoned the nations to rivalry in the employments which relate primarily to peace. Now that they are congregated by deputations in Paris, it would be an unpardonable breach of good manners to break in upon them wantonly with the blare of warlike trumpets and the thunder of hostile cannon.

For the last few days the indications have been in favor of maintaining peace. Still, military preparations go on with unabated vigor; and this because in Paris as in Berlin the conviction is absolute that the settlement of the question relating to Luxemburg is only a truce; and that however the main issue may now be postponed, it will constantly reappear until its bloody adjudication can be no farther delayed.

U. P. R. OF THE PLATTE.

The writer of the article on the subject of the Union Pacific Railways of the Kansas and of the Platte, in which the extensive overflow of the latter by the flood of this spring was mentioned, would only say in reply to the card of SPRINGER HARBAUGH, Esq., that the statement that forty continuous miles of that road were under water, and that all business was suspended for a considerable time, was made solely upon extensively published reports in the newspapers. The inference that the road was laid on ground too low was his own, and he still thinks it was a very natural one. Although he has never seen either the Platte or the road in question, he is not altogether ignorant of the peculiarities of that river, or of the nature of the ground through which it flows. It may be that without considerable artificial embankments it would be impossible for the best engineering skill to keep the rails above the floods, but where men are required to make road at the rate of two miles a day, such embanking is hardly practicable.

—Mr. Horace Greeley is well known to have been from his early years a strictly temperate man in everything, although it is said that he has lately begun to drink tea. But the extent of his abstemiousness has never been adequately known, for the New York correspondent of the Rochester *Democrat* mentions the Temperance House, 63 Barclay street, where, in his early days of journalism, 'Mr. Greeley took in wood and water.'

—Dr. Gershon Jayne, for forty-five years a citizen of Springfield, Illinois, a prominent physician and excellent man, died a few days since. He was born in Orange county, Illinois, October 15, 1791, and served as a surgeon in the war of 1812. Senator Trumbull married his daughter.

—The mental condition of the Empress Charlotte, Maximilian's wife, appears to give very little hope of recovery. From her features all intellectual expression is more and more vanishing. But her physical health is all that can be required.

PURE WHITE LEAD.

Buy it and try it. Every keg warranted a pure article, ground in the best Linseed Oil.

Varnishes of all kinds; Linseed Oil and Putty. Also, North Carolina Tar, in kegs and barrels, at low rates.

Pure Liquors, of all kinds, and the finest Wines in the city.

Edinburg Sparkling Ales, and English Ales; Dublin Brown Stout and Porter, sold wholesale and retail.

At Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot.
At Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot.
At Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,
No. 84 Market street,
No. 84 Market street,
No. 84 Market street,
Corner Diamond, near Fourth street.
Corner Diamond, near Fourth street.
Corner Diamond, near Fourth street.

my6:xTW

What Swayne's Ointment Will Do.

1—It will cure Itch in from 12 to 48 hours.
2—It will cure the most obstinate cases of Tetter.
3—It will cure Chronic Erysipelas of the face.
4—It will cure Salt Rheum, Scald Head.
5—It will cure Itching Piles, all Eruptions.
6—It will positively cure all Skin Diseases.
7—Use SWAYNE'S OINTMENT and scratch no more.

"ITCH" *Dr. Swayne's Ointment,* "TETTER"
"ITCH" *Dr. Swayne's Ointment,* "TETTER"
"ITCH" "TETTER"
"ITCH" NEVER KNOWN "TETTER"
"ITCH" "TETTER"
"ITCH" TO FAIL "TETTER"
"ITCH" "TETTER"

Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. Sold by M'CLARRAN & McKENNAN, 8 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, 37 Wood st., JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market st., A. TORRENCE, cor. 4th and Market streets, Pittsburgh; KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny.

ap28:120:TTS

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE!

Victims of debility, who is responsible for your feebleness? Not yourself, you will say, for you've done all you could to cure it. That's a mistake on your part. You haven't tried HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Gloomy dyspeptic, with an uneasy stomach and a world-weary face, of course you don't think yourself responsible for your own torments. But you are. It is easy to see from your condition that you haven't tried HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Fried, on whom Fever and Ague alternately blows hot and cold, and whose brain seems to be bursting with the effects of some powerful drug, do you assume the responsibility? Oh, no! You've taken piles of quinine, and all the fashionable medicines. What could you do more? Nothing more—the very thing that would have expunged you from all the pangs that infest you. You have never tried HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Nervous invalid, what have you to say? You plead that you have taken all the nervines of the pharmacopœia. If they have done you no good, it is not your fault. You are not responsible. Wrong, all wrong. You have, in reality, nobody to blame but yourself. Why have you not tried HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

For all the ten ills, or any complaints, the Bitters are absolute specifics.

PINUS CANADENSIS.

A tree which is abundant in Canada, Nova Scotia, and the more northern parts of the New England States, and also found to the east and mountainous regions of the Middle States, and abounds in medicinal virtues. Dr. Swett, of Boston, has prepared a medicine from the sweet inside bark of the pine tree, called POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which is one of rare value in all debilitated states of the kidneys. It acts like a charm in all diseases of mucous membranes, enabling them to regain their lost tone and energy. It will be found well adapted to all those diseases, where Buchu has been tried and failed. It is likewise well suited to chronic coughs, and an infallible specific for old and debilitated cases of asthma. Many persons who at first only took a bottle of this medicine, to try, afterwards came back and got a dozen, or half dozen, with effect radical cures of diseases of the bladder and kidney of years standing.

Diabetes, a disease that has been looked upon as among the incurables, is immediately relieved by it. Notice the certificate of Asa Goodnow, published some time ago.

The *United States Dispensatory*, speaking of the pine, says: "It is prescribed in the form of *decoct*, and other diseases of the urinary passages; in piles and chronic inflammation of several parts of the bowels, in chronic catarrhal affections, and in various forms of rheumatism." It is exceedingly valuable in all gravely affections, bloody urine, and where there is red and white sediment. It can be taken without interruption to one's usual avocations, and instead of sickening, produces a bracing, healthy power of endurance, and vigor. Price per bottle, as put up for $1.

Ask for POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND. For sale by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at DR. KEYSER'S Great Medicine store, 140 Wood street.

ap20

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,
Bankers,
No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Convert 7-30's, free of charge, upon Government terms. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds or Stocks; Bank, Gas and Bridge Stocks; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c.

WANTED.—The bonds of the counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., May 6th, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following accounts have been duly passed in the Register's Office, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, June 3d, 1867:

No. 84. Final account of Josiah Kline, surviving executor of Alexander Scott, dec'd. Filed May 6th, 1867.

No. 85. First and final account of Eli Burford, administrator of James Brown, deceased. Filed May 6th, 1867.

No. 86. Account of James Gilmore, one of the administrators of William Gilmore, dec'd. Filed May 6th, 1867.

JOS. H. GRAY,
my8 Register.

OFFICE RECORDING REGULATOR,
Pittsburgh, May 6th, 1867.

THE ASSESSMENTS FOR THE Grading, Paving and Curbing of *Logan Street,*

From Webster street to Wylie street, are now ready for examination, and will remain in this office, West Market Building, until TUESDAY, May 14th, 1867, when they will be placed in the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
my8:376 Recording Regulator.

OPENING.—MRS. S. A. STODART will open a handsome assortment of *Summer Bonnets, Hats, Caps,* **AND HEAD-DRESSES,**

On SATURDAY, May 11th, at 10 o'clock A. M.
No. 86 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny.
my8:287

D. R. ECKER,
DEALER IN
CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE, STONE HEARTHS, WHITE LIME, CHIMNEY TOPS, AND WATER PIPES.
Office and Warehouse, 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House.

LAND PLASTER,
CALCINED PLASTER,
WHITE LIME,
GRINDSTONES,
For sale at 319 LIBERTY STREET, wholesale and retail.
my6:v32:wT W. W. WALTACE.

MAPLE SUGAR.
18 Bbls. Prime Maple,
Granulated and Cake Sugar, for sale at
A. KIRK'S,
my6:v19 172 and 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

FRESH TEAS—Another lot of those fine Rose flavored
English Breakfast Teas.
Just received at
A. KIRK'S,
my6:v19 172 & 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

SORGHUM MOLASSES,
For sale wholesale and retail, at
A. KIRK'S,
my6:v19 172 & 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

CARBON OIL,
Of the best quality, at
A. KIRK'S,
my6:v19 172 & 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

NEW CHEESE.
20 BOXES PRIME NEW CHEESE, at
A. KIRK'S,
my6:v10 172 & 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

DRY CANTON GINGER.—1 case Conserved Ginger, of the "Chylong" brand, very fine and fresh; also, Canton Ginger, in syrup, just received and for sale at the Family Grocery store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
my8 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

NOT A FEW of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value.

ap15:MWF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HIGHEST MARKET RATES
PAID FOR
MAY AND JULY COUPONS,
AT
JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,
Bankers,
Cor. Fourth & Wood Sts.

WESTERN SAVINGS BANK,
No. 59 Fourth Street.
CHARTERED 1866.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
Any sum received from One Dollar upward.
Deposits subject to Check without Interest.
DISCOUNT DAILY, AT 12 O'CLOCK.
President—THOMPSON BELL.
Vice President—A. M. MARSHALL.

DIRECTORS.
THOMPSON BELL, J. J. GILLESPIE,
JOHN H. DALZELL, A. M. MARSHALL,
JOS. ALBREE.

Stockholders to whom we make
REFERENCE:
Wm. Forsythe, Joseph Pilworth,
Wm. Caldwell, Rev. David Kerr,
Willis Dalzell, Henry Lumbard,
D. W. C. Bidwell, A. M. Brown,
E. M. Fulton, Thos. Ewing.
n 9:

SIGN—ENGINE IN THE WINDOW.

FRAGRANT AND RICH TEAS.

PURE
AROMATIC COFFEES.

AND
CANNED FRUITS,

Pure and Delicious.

SHIELDS & BOUCHER,
108 Smithfield Street,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

KNOWLES' PATENT
STEAM PUMP.
GIFFARD'S INJECTOR.
GAS, WATER AND STEAM MATERIALS.
Sheet Lead and Lead Pipe,
ON BEST TERMS.
BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
167 SMITHFIELD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
my6 now4s

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS AND OTHERS.
NEW GOODS.
Consisting of Fancy Toilet Sets, Basins and Pitchers, Bird Cages, Water Coolers, Refrigerators, Ice Chests, Ice cream Freezers, Meat Safes, Nest Ladders, Monitor Washing and Wringing Machines, Bon Ton Coffee Pots, Block Tin and Spice Canisters, Coffee Pots, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Trays and Waiters, Castors, and Housekeeping Goods in general, at
ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S
WHOLESALE
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,
NO. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.
Special attention given to the manufacturing of grocers' Tea and Spice Canisters, etc.
my4:v29

J. S. MORRISON.....D. M. BARR. ISAAC BOWERS.
F. CAUFMAN.....JACOB ERY.

MORRISON, BARR & CO.,
Manufacturers of all kinds of
BOOK AND PRINT PAPER.
Orders promptly filled.
Address, SPANG'S MILLS,
Blair County, Penna.
☞Highest cash price paid for rags.

CHANDELIERS,
Brackets, Pendants, &c.,
FOR
Gas and Oil.
A large assortment on hand and receiving at
WELDON & KELLY'S,
PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS,
164 Wood Street,
mh23:v97 NEAR SIXTH.

THOMAS MORELAND.....DANIEL L. MITCHELL.

MORELAND & MITCHELL,
Livery and Sale Stables,
425 LIBERTY STREET,
Opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,
PITTSBURGH.
☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearse and Carriages for funerals.
Horses kept at livery. my3:v4b

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN and BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follows the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin. ap15:MWF

TIN GUTTER AND SPOUTING,
On hand and put up to order.
Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware,
Made to order, at
GRAFTON'S
House Furnishing Store,
No. 66 Federal Street,
Near Railroad Depot, Allegheny City. Sign of the "Union Coffee Pot." ap15:w78WT

H. B. MILLER, Bazaar, Livery and SALE STABLES, Also, Furnishing Undertaker, all kinds of Coffins, &c., at the lowest rates, kept constantly on hand. CARSON STREET, between Ormsby and Denman streets, Birmingham. Horses, Carriages and new Buggies for hire. Hearses and Carriages always in readiness for Funerals. Horses kept at Livery by the day, month or year, and attended to in the best manner. Private families furnished with the safest Horses and most elegant Carriages. Stables kept open all hours of the day and night. my3:v82

NEW FAMILY GROCERY STORE.—The undersigned has opened up a
First Class Family Grocery,
At No. 239 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny, where he will keep constantly on hand a choice selection of all articles usually found in a store of this kind.
my6:v73 W. H. LOCKART.

FOR ONE DOLLAR YOU CAN get
A Can of good GREEN CORN;
A Can of good FRESH PEAS;
And a Can of good FRESH TOMATOES;
At 112 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City.
my2:v2 GEORGE BRAYEN.

FIRE SCREENS
OF A NEW STYLE,
On canvas, with oil paintings and gold and velvet frames, at
107 MARKET STREET.
my6 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

FOR SALE—In Braddocksfield,
A Large Lot of Ground,
Enclosed with a paling fence, on which is erected a new two-story FRAME HOUSE, of five rooms, kitchen, hall, porch, cellar and other buildings. Pump at the door. Enquire of
my6:v81 JNO. HUGHEY, on the premises.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REMOVAL.
JOHN F. CLULEY,
House and Sign Painter,
Has removed to
No. 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Opposite the old stand.
my3:v97

The Highest Market Price
PAID FOR
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
GOLD, SILVER,
COUPONS AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
J. F. STARK & CO., Bankers,
Cor. WOOD AND THIRD STREETS.
my3:v106

OFFICE OF RECORDING REGULATOR,
Pittsburgh, May 3d, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of
BOYD STREET, from Pennsylvania Avenue to Forbes street.
MERCER STREET, from Webster to Bedford street.
LOCUST STREET, from Pride to Marion St.
BEDFORD STREET, from Fulton to city line.
WASHINGTON STREET, from Pennsylvania Avenue to Franklin street.
SECOND STREET, from 20 feet east of Public School House to a point 400 feet east of eastern side of Birmingham Bridge.
For Grading and Paving PASTURE ALLEY, and Grading MUSH STREET, from Penn street to Butler street, will be received at this office, West Market Buildings, until WEDNESDAY, May 15th, 1867.
H. J. MOORE,
my3:v106 Recording Regulator.

LACE CURTAINS,
GILT CORNICES,
NOTTINGHAM LACE,
DOOR LACE,
FOR SALE BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Street.
my3:w1

SETTLEMENT OF THE SEVERAL ACCOUNTS OF JOSEPH STONER, Treasurer of Local Bounty of Penn Township, as required by a Supplement to Act of Assembly approved April 11th, 1866.

1866. *Joseph Stoner, Treasurer.* Dr.
To amount received of Collector..... $5,240 40
Cr.
By amount paid recruits, expenses, &c.. 5,240 40

1865. *Joseph Stoner, Treasurer.* Dr.
To amount received of Collector..... $9,307 21
By amount paid recruits, expenses, &c.. 9,235 97
By Treasurer's commission, ½ per cent. 46 53
9,340 45
Balance due Treasurer..... 33 14

1866. *Joseph Stoner, Treasurer.* Dr.
To amount received of Collector..... $8,012 96
Cr.
By amount paid recruits, expenses, &c.. 7,967 52
By Balance due Treasurer, 1865..... 33 14
By Treasurer's commission, ½ per cent. 40 06
$8,080 72
Balance due Township..... 32 24

J. W. DEAR,
C. SNIVELY,
C. L. STOTLER, Auditors.
Penn Tp., April 20th, 1867. my3:v76-d4F

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF the Orphans' Court of the County of Allegheny, I will expose to Public Sale,

AT THE COURT HOUSE,
In the City of Pittsburgh, County aforesaid,
On Thursday, the 30th Day of May,
A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., all the right, title, interest and claim of Elizabeth, Henry, John C. and Joseph McComus, (being the undivided one-half,) of, in and to all that lot of ground situate in Elizabeth township, in the county of Allegheny aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post on the McKeesport road, and running thence east 100 feet, to a post; thence south 200 feet, to a post; thence west 100 feet, to a post; thence north 200 feet, to the place of beginning—Being Lot No. 7 in what is known as Walker's second addition to the town of Elizabeth, in the county aforesaid, on which there is erected a Two-story Brick Dwelling House.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash, on confirmation of the sale by the Court.
MARY JANE McCOMBS,
my6 s1 Guardian.

HENRY WARD BEECHER'S
STORY,
IN THE
NEW YORK LEDGER.

For Sale at all the Bookstores and News Depots.

We have the pleasure of announcing that the publication of the New Story by HENRY WARD BEECHER, which has been written expressly for THE NEW YORK LEDGER, will be commenced in No. 12 of the present volume of THE LEDGER—the number that will be published on

Monday, May 6th, 1867.

It is said that on one occasion, during Mr. Beecher's residence at the West, a Committee from the church where he preached called upon him to remonstrate against his saying so many witty things in his sermons. He replied to them: "Brethren, if you only knew how much I get back, you would never think of finding fault with me for what I say." In this story Mr. Beecher keeps back nothing. In it he gives full scope to all his faculties, and for the first time finds a fitting field in which to display his transcendent genius. The title of the story is

NORWOOD;
OR,
VILLAGE LIFE IN NEW ENGLAND.

In addition to the great attraction of this story we have secured for publication in THE LEDGER a series of articles written expressly for us, entitled ADVICE TO YOUNG MEN, *being a series of twelve articles by the Presidents of twelve of the principal Colleges of the United States.* The first article of the series will appear in next Monday's LEDGER—which number will also contain the first part of Mr. Beecher's story. It is on *The Study of the Mathematics*, by Professor Hill, of Harvard College. The second of the series will succeed it in the following number. It is on *The Study of the Classics*, by President Woolsey, of Yale College. The third of the series will be by the Rev. John Maclean, D. D., President of Princeton College. It is entitled, *"Hints to a Young Man about to Enter College."*

THE LEDGER is for sale at all the Bookstores and News Depots throughout the country, and is mailed to subscribers at $3 a year, or two copies for $5.

Address all communications to
ROBERT BONNER, Publisher,
my6:v82 **No. 6 Beekman Street, New York.**

JUST RECEIVED, AT
31 FIFTH STREET,
A large and superior stock of Gents', Boys' and Youth's
FRENCH CALF AND KID FAIR STITCH
BOOTS, CONGRESS GAITERS,
Balmorals, Oxford Ties, &c.,
Selling at LOW PRICES, at
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.
my3:v72:MWF

GAITERS.
Ladies, Misses and Children's
LASTING, KID and MOROCCO; CONGRESS, BUTTON and LACE
GAITERS, BLAMORALS,
Slippers, Ties, &c.,
Warranted equal to any in the city, at
No. 31 Fifth Street.
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.
my3 v72-MWF

THE PEOPLE'S
TEA STORE,
Wilson & Underwood.
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.
One of the cheapest and best wholesale and retail stores in the two cities.
No. 15 South West Diamond,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
Call and examine our stock and prices.
ap 7:x83-dF

FOR SALE.
A HOUSE AND LOT,
On Carson street, East Birmingham, in a good location. Address,
BOX 211, BUCHANAN P. O'
ap22:x71

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.
ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, INTERNAL REVENUE,
33D DISTRICT, PENN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all persons interested that the lists of Income Tax, Licenses, &c., for the Twenty-third District, Penna., will be open for examination at my office, No. 65 WATER STREET, Allegheny, on the 21st and 22d days of May, 1867, at which time and place I will hear all appeals presented to me relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations, assessments or enumerations made by the Assistant Assessors for said District.

All appeals must be made in writing, and must specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and shall also state the ground or principle of error complained of. No appeal can be allowed to any party after the list has been transmitted to the Collector. After the above date all persons subject to tax, who have neglected to make returns, will be subject to the penalties provided by law.

D. E. NEVIN,
U. S. Assessor, 23d District, Penna.
City of Allegheny, May 6th, 1867. my8:398

ISAAC CRAIG'S
OUTLET SAWMILLS.
Below St. Clair Street Bridge, Allegheny City, Pa.,
Have been purchased by the
AMERICAN LATH COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK,
Who will continue the general business in all its details. The manufacture of LATH, by the
Great American Lath Machine,
Will be made a specialty. The Machine produces an hundred thousand lath per day, of a better quality than any now in use, and which can be sold much cheaper than ordinary lath.
Orders from lath dealers for any number, ranging between fifty thousand and a million, promptly supplied.
These Machines, and rights to use them, sold at reasonable prices, at the mills.
Constantly on hand, a large stock of DECKING, ROOFING AND FLOOR PLANK.
WINDOW FRAME STUFF,
LINTELS, SILL AND CAP,
JOISTS, SCANTLING,
LATH, PALINGS, &c.
Orders for Sawed Stuff filled with promptness and at fair rates.
N. B.—Contracts for BARGES, COAL and OIL BOATS, will be taken by a competent ship Carpenter.
T. L. BIRCH,
General Superintendent.

JOHN CROFT.....JOSEPH PHILLIPS.

JOHN CROFT & CO.,
Real Estate & Insurance Agents,
No. 139 Fourth Street,
HAVE FOR SALE
FARMS.
153 Acres, improved, in Fayette county, Pa. Will be sold low for cash or city property.
40 Acres, improved, in Indiana county, Pa.
140 Acres, improved, in Lawrence Co., Pa.
92 Acres, improved, in Allegheny Co., Pa.
106 Acres, improved, in Beaver county, Pa.
100 Acres, no improvements, in Butler Co., Pa.
14 Acres two miles out of the Perrysville road. Just the thing for a market garden.
37 Acres, improved, 7½ miles out the Perrysville plank road. Just the thing for a grapery and a private residence.
A Valuable Property on Washington street, above the Grain Elevator; 45 feet on Washington street by 150 feet in alley, on which there are two buildings, with store room to each. Lease 21 years to run. This would make a splendid stand for meat and kind of business.
For further information apply to the above agents.
JAMES R. STRICKLER.....H. MORLEDGE.

IRON CITY SPICE MILLS,
FIFTH STREET EXTENSION,
Near Pennsylvania Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PURE SPICES AND MUSTARD
Warranted when our name is on the Article.
FRESH GROUND CORNMEAL and RYE FLOUR constantly on hand.
COFFEE AND SPICE ROASTED promptly.
Will also continue the manufacture of all the
DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPICES,
Which we offer to Wholesale and Retail Dealers at the lowest market price. Aiming to deal fair, we solicit the patronage of the public.
Chopped Feed Constantly on Hand.
STRICKLER & MORLEDGE.
de29:q75
W. J. GILMORE.....JOS. LIEBLER.

GILMORE & LIEBLER,
Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
TRUNKS,
Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.
☞A large assortment of Ladies' Satchels always on hand.
Nos. 104 and 106 Wood St.,
fe19:164 PITTSBURGH, PA.

WINDOW SHADES,
OIL CLOTH
AND
HOLLAND,
For Sale
J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
101 Wood Street.

FOR THE SPRING TRADE.
At 26 and 28 St. Clair Street.
We have in store and are daily receiving, of our own and other manufactures, a large stock of
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
FURNITURE,
TABLE AND CARRIAGE OIL CLOTHS,
BUFF HOLLANDS,
SHADE FIXTURES,
Also, LEATHER BELTING,
RUBBER BELTING,
HOSE AND STEAM PACKING.
Being manufacturers, we are enabled to offer to merchants, carriage makers and the retail trade inducements as to prices and goods not to be found elsewhere in the city.
JAMES H. PHILLIPS.
ap8:w87

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL be received until SATURDAY, 11th day of May, for CARPENTER WORK and PLASTERING; for the HEATING; PAINTING AND GLAZING; GAS FITTING; PLUMBING, of
ST. PAUL'S ORPHAN ASYLUM, CITY OF PITTSBURGH.
Carpenter Work, Plastering and Painting to be done by measurement.
Bids will be received for the separate kinds of work or for the whole job.
Bids to be addressed to "The Building Committee," care of JOHN C. BARR, Secretary, No. 108 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
my3:v50

FOR SALE.—A splendid, pair of Steam Engines, almost new, made by Niles, of Cincinnati; cylinders 26 inches diameter, 8 feet stroke, wrought iron shafts and cranks. One Doctor Engine. One Freight Hoisting Engine. Steam Capstan. A complete outfit of machinery suitable for freight or towboats. We will furnish Boilers to match, and put the entire machinery up for either a first-class freight or tow boat, in complete working order, on board of a new hull, taking an interest in said boat if desirable.
Enquire of HUGH M. HOLE & CO.,
At the Industrial Works,
ap30:v42 Pittsburgh, Pa.
JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH.

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,
MANUFACTURER OF
Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks, Sheet Iron Works, &c.
No 61 Penn Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ap27:y24

DRIED FRUITS.
60 bbls choice half Peaches;
20 do quarters do;
13 do mixed do;
150 bushels good Dry Apples;
90 do prime do;
Just received on commission and for sale low to the trade.
SCHOMAKER & LANG,
17 and 174 Wood street.
fe2

DIVIDENDS.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, May 7th, 1867.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, which will be paid to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on or after the 15th inst., free of charge.
my8:v75 W. FOSEBURG, Cashier.

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
Pittsburgh,

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

INVISIBLE

EMPRESS TRAIL SKIRT,

THE NEW SHAPE FOR

Spring, 1867,

IN

J. W. BRADLEY'S

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

(OR DOUBLE SPRING,)

SKIRTS,

The handsomest and most comfortable style yet introduced. SEE ALL FASHION MAGAZINES. Also, the New Sizes in PARIS TRAILS, PRIDE OF THE WORLD, and TIP-TOP STYLES.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

AT WHOLESALE by all the leading Notion and Dry Goods Houses in Pittsburgh. Also, by Sole Owners of Patent and Exclusive Manufacturers,

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,

97 Chambers Street,

mh16:w53wT NEW YORK.

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

An elegant assortment of

Sun Shades and Parasols,

NEW BUTTONS AND TRIMMINGS,

ENGLISH BONNET AND TRIMMING RIBBONS.

SPRING SHADES OF

THE BEST KID GLOVES.

"STAR" SHIRTS.

BEST PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS.

We have just opened a full line of all sizes and colors of the celebrated

"88" Kid Glove, at $1.10 per Pair.

We are authorized to guarantee every pair of the gloves sold. Should they rip or tear putting on, they can be exchanged for another pair.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

my7

JUST RECEIVED AT

NEW GOODS.

DAILY ARRIVALS THIS WEEK.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.

Swiss Mulls, Soft Finish Jaconets;
Nainsooks, Plain, Striped and Barred;
Alsiennes and Dotted Nainsooks, for Waists;
Ruffings and Frillings;
Jaconet and Bamburg Work, fine assortment;
Real Point, Valencia and Thread Laces;
Handkerchiefs, Lace, Emb'd, Hemstitched & Plain;
English Ribbons, all widths and shades;
Full Line Colored Velvet Ribbons, every shade;
Bugle Fringes, Trimmings & Buttons, newest styles;
Fine assortment of Ladies' English and German Hosiery and Gloves;

FULL LINE ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES;
SPLENDID ASSORMENT PARASOLS.

Full Line Furnishing Goods.

MORRISON'S STAR SHIRT'S, at Warranted.
CORSETS AND HOOP SKIRTS, good makes.

Jobbing trade served faithfully at Eastern prices.

78 and 80 Market Street.

ap22:w90

A FULL STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS,

ALL STYLES, JUST OPENED.

Also, MUSLINS, PRINTS, IRISH LINENS, SHIRT BOSOMS.

CASSIMERES, for Men and Boys' wear.

For Sale Very Cheap AT H. J. LYNCH'S,

my3:y48 96 MARKET STREET.

NEW STYLE

Cloth and Silk Sacques,

Opened THIS DAY. Also, SACQUES made to order, in the latest fashion, at

M. J. LYNCH'S,

my3:w57 96 Market street.

CARR, McCANLDESS & CO.,

(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 Wood St.,

Third house above Diamond Alley,)

my4:w57 PITTSBURGH, PA.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT

JOSEPH HORNE'S & CO'S.

Having made a second addition to our already large stock of

SPRING GOODS,

We are prepared to offer inducements, both in price and assortment, in

Embroideries, Handkerchiefs,
Gloves, Hosiery, Bugle Trimmings and Fringes, New styles Dress Trimmings,
Colored and Velvet Ribbons,
Guipure and Cluny Lace,
Real Thread and Pointe Lace,
Buttons, all styles and colors,
Corsets, Belting, Buckles,
and Belts, Fine Opera Fans,
Ladies', Misses' and Gents'
Spring Under Wear,
Alexandre Kid Gloves,
Imperial Empress Trail Skirts, in Single and Duplex.

A large assortment of

Gents' Neck Ties, Scarfs and Bows, Suspenders, Shirt Fronts, &c.
Morrison's Star Shirts,
Spring Styles Hosiery, Hat Flowers, and Millinery Goods,
Trimming Ribbons, Bonnet Ribbons, Plain and Fan'y, all widths.

OUR WHOLESALE ROOMS, up stairs, will be found complete in all Departments. Dealers will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Prices as low as Eastern Jobbers.

77 and 79 Market Street.

ap22:w90

1867. SPRING. 1867.

ARBUTHNOT,

SHANNON

& COMPANY,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Dry Goods and Notions,

Offer their large and attractive stock of

NEW GOODS AT EASTERN PRICES,

FOR CASH.

DRESS GOODS, WHITE GOODS,
DELAINES, PRINTS, GINGHAMS,
CHECKS TICKS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
COTTONADES, JEANS BLEACHED AND BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS, SHAWLS, SKIRTS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c.

Buyers are invited to call and examine our goods and prices, at

No. 115 Wood Street.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

C. ARBUTHNOT, W. T. SHANNON.
ap3:w2 J. G. STEPHENSON.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

AT 12 1-2 CENTS.

GOOD FAST COLORED

GINGHAMS.

AT 12½ CENTS.

GOOD PRINTS.

AT 22 CENTS.

BEST DELAINES.

AT $1.25.

GOOD DRESS SILKS.

Black Alpacas;

Queen's Cloth;

Percales, all colors;

Parasols, Hats, Sundowns;

Ribbons, Flowers;

Gloves, Hosiery, etc., etc.,

TO WHICH THE ATTENTION OF

Wholesale and Retail Buyers

IS INVITED, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

130 and 132 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

my4:v18

GENTLEMEN'S

Merceno and Silk Vests;
Linen and Jean Drawers;
Morrison's "Star" Shirts;
Linen and Paper Collars;
Ristori and other Fancy Ties;
White Muslin Ties, Plain & Emb'd;
Merino, Lisle Thread and Cotton Half Hose;
Linen Handkerch'fs, plain & fancy;
Silk Handkerch'fs, choice assortm't;

CANDIDATES.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

COL. JAMES A. GRAY,

Of McClure township, will be a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. au26 y15

FOR ASSEMBLY.

WILLIAM B. ROSS,

Of Allegheny City, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap18:x45

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

JOSEPH B. M'DONALD,

Of the Second Ward, Allegheny City, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. au24:x15

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

WILLIAM M'CLEAN,

Of Pitt township, (formerly North Fayette, will be a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. au24:x6

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

D. C. HULTZ

Will be a candidate for the office of PROTHONOTARY, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. ap2

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

JACOB H. WALTER,

Will be a Candidate for the office of PROTHONOTARY, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. mh25.v9&d&wT

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,

MAJ. J. F. DENNISTON,

(Formerly of Friend's Rifle Guards) will be a Candidate for COUNTY TREASURER, subject to thedecision of the Union Republican Convention. mh25:w78

AUCTION SALES.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS AT AUCTION.

On Wednesday, May 15th,

At 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, Messrs. Smithson, Palmer & Co. will sell at auction,

60 BUILDING LOTS,

Of Wm. J. & H. Howard's plan, consisting of one acre each in Howard's addition to Bloomfield, and having a southern exposure will be excellent for grape growing and gardening purposes.

TERMS EASY.

Call at the Mammoth Auction House, 55 and 57 Fifth street, and see the plan.

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.,

my8:u9 Auctioneers.

FURNITURE,

Household Goods, &c.,

AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, May 9th, at 9½ o'clock a. m., at the Masonic Hall Auction rooms, 55 and 57 Fifth street, will be sold, a very large and fine assortment of Furniture and Household Goods, comprising marble top and plain dressing bureaus, wash stands, book cases, rose wood ove gilt frame mirrors, show cases, lounges, settees cane seat chairs, with Reps, sofa seat parlor chairs, cane seat and wood chairs, tete-a-tetes, rocking chairs; very fine dining, extension and breakfast tables; very fine ebonized and walnut bedsteads; feather beds and feathers, mattresses and spring bottom beds, several fine gilt and chimes and clocks; Venetian, paper and cloth window blinds, pictures, engravings and paintings, cutlery, and a very large assortment of queensware, kitchen utensils, &c.

Also, at half o'clock p. m., will be sold, a very large lot of new Carpets, comprising two very fine pieces of English Brussels, and a large assortment of ingrain, Rag, Linen and Hemp Carpets, in quantities to suit purchasers.

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.,

my8 Auctioneers.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 1867.

Revenue Law Decision in the United States Court—The Rights of Informers—Greene County Case.

United States vs. the distillery of Messrs. Weise & Hook and seventy-two barrels of whisky. Judge McCandless of the United States Circuit Court, yesterday, rendered a decision in this case, in which the point was raised as to the amount of money due the informer through whose agency the distillery and whisky were first seized. Following is the opinion of the Court:

On the 7th of April, 1866, the Collector of the 24th collection district seized the distillery of Hook & Weise, situated in Greene county, together with seventy-two barrels of whiskey, and all the implements of manufacture, for a violation of the laws regulating the Interna. Revenue of the United States.

The District Attorney, on the 27th of the same month, filed his libel, in this Court, for a forfeiture, and the respondents failing to answer, or even to appear in obedience to the monition, the Court on the 23d of July pronounced sentence of condemnation, and ordered a sale of the forfeited property. Only a part of the proceeds of sale, amounting to about $6,600, have been realized by the Marshal, and none as yet paid into Court. This is owing to an outside claimant of part of the whiskey, who is in correspondence with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

At this stage of the proceedings, J. W. Scott presents his petition to this Court, asking to be declared, in the judgment of the Court, the informer, in the language of the 41st section of the Act of 1864, being "the first actual Informer of the cause, matter or thing whereby such fine, penalty, or forfeiture was incurred," and claiming to be entitled, as such, to a moiety of the forfeiture.

It is objected that this distribution of the proceeds is applicable to penalties, and not to forfeitures. But the act makes no discrimination, placing them in the same category, and although one is a fixed sum, readily divisible, and the other a condemnation or appropriation of the offending chattel in specie, yet the act of the Government, by its execution, reduces it to money and renders it susceptible of similar division.

It is claimed, by the District Attorney, that there is no informer on the Record, and that the decree of condemnation having been entered without reference to such a party, he is barred from participation in the proceeds of the forfeited property. It must be remembered that these proceedings are in accordance with the practice of Courts of Admiralty. They are *in rem*, and the sentence of condemnation must precede any inquiry as to distribution. The suit is instituted in the name of the United States, and as Mr. Justice Washington says, in 3 W. C. C. R. 69, it is not necessary that the informant should accompany the communication which he makes by an assertion of his claim to a share of the forfeiture, or that he should make the seizure, or concern himself with the prosecution by causing its institution, or providing testimony to support it. With all these things he has nothing to do. He may be even ignorant, at the time he gives the information, that he has any claim to assert. It is sufficient for him to show that the information which he gave caused the prosecution and recovery. By the seizure, consequent upon his information, he acquired an inchoate right to a moiety of the proceeds, which remained unaffected on the rendition of the decree. (1 Wheaton, 47) and that, although his name nowhere appears upon the record, his position is passive until the fund is ready for distribution, and then, if he satisfies the Court that he was "first to inform of the cause, matter, or thing whereby the forfeiture was incurred," it is the duty of the Court, by their judgment, to award to him his moiety, and direct the residue to be paid into the Treasury of the United States. The moiety here will be between three and four thousand dollars; but, as Judge Washington says in the case referred to, "it is no argument to say that this is an unreasonable allowance." The Legislature has thought proper to make it, and our duty is to execute its will. The large amount which will accrue in this case to the informer, is just what Congress designed to stimulate somebody to detect the enormous frauds practiced upon the revenue, particularly in the manufacture and sale of whisky. Whether the information is given from motives of gain, or public policy, the Government is indifferent, so that the culprit is arrested in his criminal career, and stripped of his ill-gotten treasure. The ample sum given is to excite to vigilance, and to secure the integrity of the informer, by such reward as would place him above any temptation which the offenders could offer him. To deduct the tax of two dollars per gallon from the proceeds of sale, and then allow him one-half of the remainder, is not to reward at all. He would deem it a mockery upon public justice, and no one would be willing to incur the odium which sometimes attaches to public informers if such was the bounty of the Government. It would be giving him the moiety of something incapable of division, of nothing, for in most instances of forfeiture the proceeds of sale would not cover the tax and costs. A tax of two dollars per gallon does not exempt the party from the payment of the tax. He is still liable, although his title to the very property, which was the subject of taxation, has been divested.

It only remains to notice the objection caused by the delay in making this application. This is sufficiently accounted for in the proofs. The informer mistook his remedy. At the suggestion of the Collector, he applied to the Department at Washington, and, after some delay, was referred to this Court, to which the adjudication properly belonged. He is in time. The money has not yet been brought into the Registry of the Court, and it is subject to our control, until it passes into the Treasury of the United States.

From the testimony before us, the judgment of the Courts, that J. W. Scott was the first to inform of the cause, matter or thing whereby this penalty and forfeiture was incurred, and the amount thereof, deducting costs, is directed to be divided equally, one moiety to be paid to the Collector of the Twenty-Fourth District for the use of the United States, and the other moiety to the said J. W. Scott. Decree accordingly.

Quoits—A Proposed International Match Between Walkingshaw, of Scotland, and Hodgson, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Shortly after the championship match between McLean, of Newark, N. J., and Hodgson, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, says the New York *Times*, which was played in this city last fall, a challenge appeared in one of the sporting papers from Robert Walkingshaw, (the Carlops Tailor,) to play Wm. Hodgson, or any other man in this country, for £200 a side and the championship. This elicited a response from Hodgson, accepting the *deft* of the Carlops Tailor, with all its conditions, with the single exception that he desired the game to be played in this city. As soon as this was received by Mr. Walkingshaw, he lost no time in responding to Hodgson's counter challenge. The following is his *ultimatum*:

"I Robert Walkingshaw, of Scotland, will play Hodgson, or any other man in America, a match at quoits for £200 a side—game 121 shots up, (61 shots to be played on a Saturday, and the remaining 60 shots on the Monday following,) distance 21 yards. Stiff sticking clay ends, pins to be two feet long of one inch iron, tapered to a half inch at top, to be kept covered with the clay, all clay to be cleared away at measurement, and the nearest to the top of the pin to count. Quoits not to exceed nine inches in diameter. The ground to be fair level quoiting ground, and to be securely staked and roped, not less than 27 yards by 9 yards, and the only two men for each player and the referee to be admitted within the ropes. I agree to allow Hodgson £50 in gold and one-third of the gate money after deducting expenses, to play on Mr. Wm. Mallock's ground, Glasgow, N. B., or I will accept these terms and play in New York City. The editor of *Bell's Life* to be stakeholder if the match is played in Scotland, or the editor of the New York *Clipper* if the match is played in New York. Upon the above terms I am prepared to sign articles and make a deposit. If I have to visit America, I would incline to be with you early in September. I request a definite reply from Mr. Hodgson. Any communication will find me at Mr. Currie's, No. 92 Union street Glasgow, N. B.

In view of the late international racket match, in which the English champion proved the victor, we have no doubt that the Carlops Tailor will receive no hospitable treatment and fair play as was extended to the distinguished racket player.

In this country quoits, like rackets, is not as popular as in the old country. Nearly every city of importance, however, has its quoiting grounds, and in New York and Brooklyn the game is indulged in to a considerable extent. Our own city boasts of several elubs, all in a flourishing condition, and each containing players of more or less repute. In Brooklyn and Newark also the game is in a flourishing condition, and each city possesses well-arranged and commodious playing grounds. In this city the Normal Club is the most prominent organization, numbering among the members some of the best and staunchest supporters of the game in the country. If the proposed match is played in this city it will undoubtedly take place on the grounds of this club. Although not as large as could be desired for an international match, they are of sufficient size to accommodate several hundred spectators. A meeting of the Normal Club is called for Friday evening next, to take the proper steps in regard to the affair.

That the American champion will accept the final conditions of the Scotchman there seems to be hardly a doubt. In a few weeks therefore, at the farthest, we shall be fully informed as to the prospects of a match.

Tardy Lawyer With a Poetical Client.

Attorneys as a general thing are dilatory in performing due service for their clients, and frequent "poking with sharp sticks" becomes necessary to get them to bring their cases before the proper tribunal for justice. We have a friend in the profession who enjoys a decided reputation for being very active in keeping matters from coming forward. Prose punching has ceased to have any effect upon him, so that his unfortunate clients have rushed into poetical effusions to stir his legal soul into action. Accidentally we have got hold of a rich letter from a Mrs. Rafferty who "goes for" the delinquent in the following "stirring" verse. The injured lady with the French name says:

"I gave this case into his hand,
I thought he was a gentleman,
With confidence he pulled my ears,
Regardless of a widow's tears.
Now fifteen months have passed away,
Again it is the month of May;
I think I shall begin in time,
And write my wrongs in verse sublime."

The attorney has taken the hint, and rather than longer rest under Mrs. Rafferty's wrath he is paying due attention to her case, and will have it called up immediately.

Local News on First Page.

Wool Growers' Association of Upper St. Clair and Snowden Townships.

The Wool Growers' Association of Upper St. Clair, Snowden and adjoining townships, at their regular meeting, held May 4th, agreed to hold their Annual Shearing Festival on Thursday, May 23d, at the house of Wm. T. Fife, old Washington road, nine miles from Pittsburgh. The following premiums were adopted:

Class A, Bucks over one year old, first premium $5,00; second premium $3,00, third premium $1,00.

Class B, Bucks one year old, first premium $5,00; second premium $3,00; third premium $1,00.

Class C, Ewes over one year old, first premium $5,00; second premium $3,00; third premium $1,00.

Class D, Ewes one year old, first premium $5,00; second premium $3,00; third premium $1,00.

On entering sheep in each of the above classes to compete for the premiums, the sum of one dollar will be required to be paid into the Treasury, and the following premiums on shearing are offered: First premium, $8; second, $5; third, $4; fourth, $2. Shearers will be required to shear one sheep in each class, and pay into the Treasury the sum of one dollar.

The above premiums will be awarded on the day of shearing, on the merits of the wool as shorn from the sheep. Those desiring to compete for J. T. F. Wright's very liberal premiums will submit to his conditions as published in the May number of the *National Agriculturist*. The shearing to commence at ten o'clock A. M. We cordially invite wool growers to unite with us. All sheep to be unwashed.

ARCHIBALD McMURRAY, President.
JOHN GILPILLAN, Cor. Secty.

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NEW GOODS!

SMALL PROFITS!

Never before was there such a good time to get

BARGAINS IN BOOTS AND SHOES,

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W. B. CLAPP & CO.'S,

As they have but one net cash price for all, whether they are judges of goods or not. No second price is ever asked any man, woman or child. Strangers desiring to buy cheap should not allow anything to prevent their calling. If purchasing more than to get well posted on low prices. Prompt cash buyers are invited from every quarter, to share in the great bargains of BOOTS AND SHOES, at

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W. B. CLAPP & CO.

Wholesale and Retail.

ap22:w90

MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,

[Successors to R. R. BULGER, Agent,]

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Of Every Description.

SCHOOL AND OFFICE FURNITURE.

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A full assortment of Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture constantly on hand at LOWEST CASH PRICES.

WM. J. MYERS...WM. C. HOPPER...C. A. MYERS.

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YOUNG LADIES, BEWARE of the infurious effects of Face Powders and Washes. All such remedies close up the pores of the skin, and in a short time destroy the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy and youthful appearance, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. ap15:MWF

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ESTABLISHED 1836.

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WINES AND LIQUORS,

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Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, possessing superior facilities through several large wine and liquor houses in Europe, and making their importations direct, they are enabled to offer the various grades of choice Wines and Liquors at prices less than Eastern cities. Examination of qualities and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.

A choice assortment of PURE OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand. ap29:x58

Quoits—A Proposed International Match Between Walkingshaw, of Scotland, and Hodgson, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

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To accommodate the increased trade, we have opened a branch of our business, at NO. 36 SMITHFIELD STREET, with an entire new stock of WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, CURTAIN GOODS, FLOOR and TABLE OIL CLOTH, MATTRASSES and BEDDING of all kinds.

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Eradicates ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE DISEASES of the THROAT, NOSE, EYES, EYELIDS, SCALP and SKIN,

Which to disfigure the appearance, PURGING the evil effects of mercury and removing all taints, the remnants of DISEASES, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by ADULTS and CHILDREN with perfect safety.

TWO TABLE SPOONFULS of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoctions as usually made.

AN INTERESTING LETTER is published in the Medico-Chirurgical Review, on the subject of the Extract of Sarsaparilla in certain affections, by Ben amin Travers, F. R. S., &c. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases caring from the excess of mercury, he states that *no remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla, it proves to be extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with. It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic with this invaluable attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the system so sunken, and yet so irritable or inflammatory, that other substances of the tonic class unavailable or injurious.*

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FOR SALE.—Farm of 147 acres, situated in Penn Twp., Westmoreland Co., Pa., adjoining Grapeville Station, on Penna. R. R., on which there is a good Two story stone House, with Six Rooms, a Barn, Carriage House, and other buildings; an Orchard of different fruit trees; It is underlayed with coal. There is a Salt Well on it in good order, producing 9 bbls. per day. This property is offered very cheap and good terms.

Also An excellent Farm of 160 acres, of which 96 acres are under cultivation, situate in Christian county, Illinois. Improvements—a new frame dwelling containing 5 rooms; about 400 choice fruit trees, good fencing, &c. It lies within 2 miles of the Illinois Central R. R.; will be sold on reasonable terms. City property taken in part exchange if desired.

Also, a Farm or 312 acres in Penn township, Westmoreland county, 220 acres cleared and under cultivation, 92 acres of first-rate white oak and other timber, 2 dwelling houses, 1 of them 2 stories, the other 1 story, with a tenant house, with a first-rate Steam sawmill in good running order; young orchard of grafted fruit. The land is rolling; every acre is if liable, with limestone soil and sub-soil, with never failing springs; within one hundred rods of the Penn Central Railroad; 28 miles east of Pittsburgh, and three miles west of Greensburg. This farm is pleasantly and eligibly situated in a good neighborhood; every acre is underlaid with coal. The title is good.

Also, a Farm of 116 acres, situated in West Wheatfield township, Indiana county, Penn'a, about 3 miles from Bolivr Station, on the Penn'a Railroad. The improvements are, a good two-story Brick House with 8 rooms; No. 1 frame Bank Barn, and all other necessary out buildings. The title is good, and the price very low, and on easy terms.

For further particulars, enquire of

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A Handsome & Complete Residence,

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Some of the most valuable Coal Property on the Youghiogheny River and Connellsville Railroad is now offered for sale, at $100 per acre less than previous offers, the owner wishing to sell out all his interest in this section of the state.

Also, a Building Lots in the town of Marble, three miles below West Newton, at low prices and small payments. Apply to

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COUNTRY RESIDENCE,

About seven miles from the city, on the Perrysville plank road, containing two parlors, entire hall, dining room, kitchen and five bed rooms, with porch in front, the whole well finished in fine taste. There is a stable, coach house, cow stable, a large cistern, well of water, &c. A fine bearing orchard, and garden filled with gooseberry and currant bushes, grape vines, &c. Can be had at a good bargain for purchaser, by applying to

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Situate in Lawrenceville, and Springfield, adjoining, ranging in prices from $1,600 to $4,000. Will be sold on reasonable terms if applied for soon. Embrace this opportunity.

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FOR SALE, situated in Chartiers Valley, one-half mile from Ingram's station, on the Steubenville Railroad; 4½ miles from the city. Contains 14 acres, all under best tence, and in blue grass. Well watered. Never-failing spring. Will divide the plot into two parts, if desired. The property is most desirable and is offered at one-fourth the price the same kind of property is selling for the same distance from the city east. Apply to

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A Farm at Carpenter's Station, on the Central Railroad, containing 7 acres; improvements, two houses and stables, good orchard; all in garden and good for cultivation. Also, several other Farms, in good localities and well improved, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Also, a number of good building lots in the city and suburbs.

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ALL SIZES 7 3-10 BONDS

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BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

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TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with

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Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865, Without charge.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

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SELL YOUR 7-30's

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Holders of SEVEN THIRTIES will find an advantage of OVER ¼ OF ONE PER CENT. by converting on this plan.

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COR. 4TH & SMITHFIELD STREETS.

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED INTO

5-20 BONDS, 1865,

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

ROBINSON BROS.,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET.

FINANCE AND TRADE,

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, May 7, 1867.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as reported by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 138¾; Eighty-one bonds, 111¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 107⅝; Five Twenties, 1864, 105¾; Five Twenties, 1865, 106; Consols, 1865, 107⅝; Seven Thirties, 106; Ten Forties, 99; Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, 72¾; Fort Wayne & Chicago, 95½; Erie, 62¾; Chicago and North Western, 35½; Chicago and North Western preferred, 62; Chicago and Rock Island, 90¾; New York Central, 98; Reading, 103¾; Michigan Southern, 88¾.

Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	137½
U. S. Sixes 1881	111¾
5-20's 1862	105¾
" 1865	106
U. S. Ten-Forties	99¼
Consols	107⅝
August Seven-thirties	106¾
June "	105¾
July "	105¾
Dec., Compounds, 1864	116½

Gold opened at 137, advanced to 137¼, declined to 137½ and gradually rose to 138. The market is excited. Government bonds are higher, and 1881's, 5-20's and 7-30's are very strong. Railroad shares are much depressed, and there was an unusual bustle and excitement. The heaviest decline was in Fort Wayne, which sold down from 97¾ to 95¾, but closed strong. Erie, Northwestern and all clique stocks suffered likewise. Cleveland and Pittsburgh remained steady at a small decline. The absence of later news from Europe keeps everything else in suspense.

—The statement that the early maturing compound notes will be paid will probably be fully verified in June, when a few millions fall due. Prior to September about $40,000,000 mature.—an amount within the ability of the Treasury to pay, by calling upon the national depositories for their balances, in addition to its other resources. It is also expected that the Secretary will soon announce his readiness to pay, on the 15th of August, all the seven-thirties not notified for funding, and that all not presented for payment on that day will pass under the head of "debts matured and not presented for payment." Parties holding the August notes will do well to get them in while the Secretary gives such favorable terms in regard to accrued interest on the bonds.

—It will be seen by comparing the last exhibit of the public debt with the statement of April 1st, that during the month of April the debt bearing coin interest has increased $41,824,750; the debt bearing currency interest has increased $87,165,070; matured debt not presented for payment has decreased $883,118, and debt bearing no interest has increased $1,208,162, making the increase of the debt during the month $5,161,724. The amount of coin in the Treasury during the same period has increased $6,200,308, and the amount of currency decreased $400,208, leaving a total amount of debt, less cash in the Treasury, May 1st, $2,941,074 less than on April 1st. The large amount of gold held in the Treasury as shown by the May schedule of the debt, of which ninety-nine millions is in the ownership of the Government, and at the free disposal of the Secretary to sell it, in his discretion, may not be without influence on the gold market. In the absence of counteravailing influences, not now apparent, the natural tendency of the gold premium will be to lower figures, for the lower figures the exhibit of the amount on hand, and the recent payment of the gold interest, should give confidence to the belief that the Secretary will be able to meet the payment of the bonds falling due in August, and that he will not be compelled to purchase gold for payment under the head of "debts matured and not presented for payment." Parties holding the August notes will do well to get them in while the Secretary gives such favorable terms in regard to accrued interest on the bonds.

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JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

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Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. fe9:3m

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, May 7, 1867.

The general markets present no new characteristics worthy of special notice. There is a little less excitement in regard to Flour and Grain, owing to a slight reaction in Chicago on Monday, but, as yet, there is no change in values. The receipts of Butter and Eggs continue liberal, and the first named article is steadily depreciating in value. Provisions and Groceries quiet and unchanged.

GRAIN—Oats firm but unchanged—sale of 1 car at 65c, delivered. There is considerable inquiry for Corn, and holders are asking higher figures—$1.14 to $1.15 asked for prime Yellow, and $1.12 to $1.13 offered. Rye is also in demand and higher—sale of 1 car at $1.65, delivered. Barley cannot be quoted correctly.

FLOUR—Is quiet but firm at former quotations, and supply in this market light. We quote at $14.50 to $15 for good to choice Spring Wheat; $16 to $17 for Winter Wheat, and $18 to $19 for fancy brands. Rye Flour is firm at $9.50 to $10.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet and unchanged at 9½c to 10c for Shoulders; 11¾ to 12¾ for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 14 for Plain Hams; 13¾ to 15½c for Plain Sugar Cured, and 16¾ to 16½c for Canvassed. Dried Beef, 22½c; Lard, 15c, and Mess Pork, $23 to $23.50 per bbl.

BUTTER—Is weak and drooping, which is owing to the market being completely overstocked. Prime to choice is selling at 23 to 25. Sale of 3000 pounds fresh at 25c, and 2000 pounds Grease Butter at 8½c, and 12,000 lbs do at 9c.

EGGS—There is no falling off in the arrivals, but with a continued fair demand, the market may be quoted steady at 18c.

MAPLE SUGAR—Sales at 14c for granulated, and 16c to 18 in cakes. Maple Molasses, $1.50, for gallon jugs.

SEEDS—The season for Clover Seed is about over. Timothy Seed is dull, and is quoted at $2.75@3. Flaxseed is in good demand at $3.

POTATOES—Quiet and unchanged. Sale of 50 bbls Peach Blows at $2.75, Buckeyes, $3.25 to $3.50. Peach Blows, in sacks, 90c per bushel.

DRIED APPLES—Are scarce, especially good qualities in good condition. May be quoted at $5 to $6 per bbl, for prime to choice.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull but unchanged—small sales at 8½ to 9c for Apples, and 14c to 15c for Peaches.

OIL—Lard Oil is steady, with regular sales at 87 to 90c for No. 2, and $1.08 to $1.10 for No. 1.

HAY—Is quiet and unchanged. May be quoted at $25 to $28 per ton, for good to prime, in store.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, May 7, 1867.

The arrivals of Cattle were again light this week, and with a good local demand and several eastern buyers in attendance, the market was a remarkably stiff one, and, compared with last week, good cattle sold at an advance of fully half a cent per pound. There is also a continued good demand for stockers, and all that offer find ready buyers at prices ranging from 5c to 6½c, according to quality. Extra cattle—Prime to extra retailing cattle sold at from 8½ to 9¾, and medium at 7¾ to 8. These are pretty steep figures, but the same rule of all the leading markets in the country, and it is generally conceded that cattle, especially good cattle, are remarkably scarce, and that inflation seems to prevail, and prices will rule high throughout the summer.

REPORTED SALES OF CATTLE.

Glass & Lafferty sold 17 head of good Western steers at 8¾ to 9, and 15 stags and bulls at 5½ to 6¼. Scott & Co. bought 16 head common cows and steers at 5c. Herbst & Sherrick sold N. Wernz 18 head of prime cattle at 8½c. Eisenrick & Schwartz sold 20 head of good cattle to Herbst & Neely at 8¾. Marks & Trautman sold 121 head at from 8¾ to 9.10—including one car load to Lanyan at Alexandria at 9c. Mc. Merrick & Doud sold Myers & Neely 34 head at 8¾. Greenwald & Kahn 67 head at 8¾ to 9c. Jones & Hugus sold 20 head of cattle to Myers & Neely at 9, and retailed 22 head at 9 to 9¾. L. Rothschilds 22 head at 9 to 9¾. L. Rothschilds 22 head at 9 to 9¾. Carr & McAllister 33 head at 9 to 9.50. L. Shamburg 21 head at 7¾ to 8¾. N. Wernz sold 20 head at 8¾ to 9. Dolan sold 17 head of good cattle, averaging 1122 to James McAllister at 9c. Wm. Wernz sold 16 head at 9c. Wernz 16 head of Ohio cattle at 7¾ to 9¾. Myers & Neely report 101 head at 7¾ to 9.

The market for this class of stock was rather poorly supplied, and with a very fair demand, prices ruled firm, with an upward tendency (nearly 50 head unsold). Sheep may be quoted at 7 to 7¾, and extra might bring 7¾, or even 8c. Herbst & Sherrick sold 180 head, weighing 90 lbs, to N. Wernz, at 7.10. Kynn & Co. sold 40 head to same buyer at 7, and Cook sold Smyline 32 head, averaging 92 lbs, at 7c.

HOGS.

The demand at these yards continues light, being restricted almost entirely to supplying the immediate wants of butchers, who at this season of the year buy sparingly, and prices, if anything, are tending downward. Fair to good retailing Hogs may be quoted at 7¾ to 8c, gross.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, May 7, 1867.

CRUDE—The market is firm and moderately active, the demand having improved somewhat, and owin' to the advance in Oil City, holders are more confidents to fill, and must have the oil are now paying seven cents, which is an advance of one quarter of a cent. We can report sales of 300 bbls at 7; 1000 at 7¼; 500 at 7⅜, and 100 at 10½, packages included. At Oil City the price remains unchanged at $2.50 per bbl, but even at 7c here there is no margin for dealing, as it takes thirty cents to pay for transportation, which would make the oil cost $2.80 delivered here, or exactly seven cents per gallon. That the prime must advance still further here or decline at Oil City is inevitable, and it will most likely be the latter, as our refiners cannot go beyond paseum rakes to make it even a positive loss, and, as a matter of course, they will not do this if there is any way of avoiding it.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil was a little more active to-day, the sales, in the aggregate, footing up 2,000 bbls on Monday, and prices, as will be seen below, were irregular, though, if anything, a shade better. We can report the following: 1500 bbls standard white, 110 test, delivered, 500 for November, and 500 for December, all at 39c; 500 for June, at 27½c; 500 for July, at 28c; 500 for August, and 500 for June, at 28½c; prime straw to white, for June, at 26½, and 1000 for July at 27c. Free oil is quiet and unchanged.

ARRIVALS—The following arrivals of oil were reported to-day:

Fuller & Bro.	1,500	C. Ecky
W. Haldeman	3,500	
Total	5,000	

New York Financial Matters.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 7.—The money market continues easy and the supply exceeds the demand. The failure of Watts, Crane & Co., a large cotton firm, is announced, with extensive connections and heavy liabilities. The firm had considerable foreign exchange out, and the losses are wide spread. In this connection the name of a bank was mentioned as heavy sufferers, but the report is not yet fully authenticated. Sterling Exchange is firmer in consequence of this failure, but business is light. Prime bankers, 9½@9¾; francs, 5.12½@5.15. Governments quiet and firm. The following are the closing prices: Registered of 1881, 111¾@111¾; coupons of 1881, 111¾@111¾; 5-20s registered of 1862, 105¾@105¾; 5-20 coupons of 1862, 107¾@108; coupons of 1864, 105¾@105¾; do of 1865, 106¾@106; do of January and July, 105¾@106¾; 10-40s registered, 99¾@99¾; 10-40 coupons, 99¾@100; August 7-30s, 106¾@106¾; June 7-30s, 105¾@105¾; old 7-30s, 106¾@106¾. Cash gold loaned to-day flat to 1 per cent. for carrying.

Stocks opened weak on railways and the oppressive declined; after call, Erie advanced to 63; the whole market is firmer in sympathy, but generally dull. The following were the closing prices at 5:30 p. m.: American gold, 137¾@137¾; C. C. & I., 220@225; Canton, 43½; Cumberland, 30@40; Quicksilver, 28½@29; Mariposa, 7@8; Mariposa preferred, 15@16; W. U. T., 42@42¾; Pacific Mail, 87@87½; Erie, 62¾@62¾; Hudson, 99@99½; Reading, 103½@103¾; M. S. & N. I., 87¾@88; do guaranteed, 72¾@73; Illinois Central, 89@89½; N. W., 35@35¾; preferred, 60¾@61¾; Ft. W., 95¾@96. The market closed firm with an advance in Erie and some other shares after the last board.

Miscellaneous shares less active and lower. Coal shares firm, with no considerable difference in bidding and asking prices. State bonds are quiet and steady; Missouri 94; North Carolina Ex Coupons, 67; do new 66; Tennessee, Ex Coupons, 74¾; do new, 67¾. Mining share market heavy and lower, the great feature being in Gregory, which sold from 124 to 125, Quartz Hill was down to 160 but rallied to 170@180, and closed dull at 155. Corydon sold from 90 to 120; Sensederfer declined to 8. Receipts of the United States Treasury to-day were $3,631,345; payments, $2,342,905.

Dry Goods Trade.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 7.—Dry Goods languid and cotton goods again lower. We quote Indian Head yard wide unbleached Sheetings 19½; Atlantic A do 19; Pacific extra and Atlantic H do 18½; Stark A do 18½; Medford do, 17; Allendale, 17; Lonsdale L, 16½. Bleached Muslins are down to 25½, and New York Mills to 30. New York Cottonades are selling all round at 25 for checks and plaids, and Manchester Denims at 20. Prints steady but in less request.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, May 7.—Flour quiet and firm. Wheat a shade weaker; sales of amber Michigan at $2.25@2.26. Corn 5c lower but active at the decline, closing at $1.08¾ for new No. 1 Wabash, and $1.09 for Michigan. Oats firm at 74c. Rye $1.65. Lake freights dull and nominal.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 7.—Cotton dull and heavy; sales 800 bales at 27c for middling uplands. Flour; receipts of 3,108 bbls; market quiet and firm, and prices without decided change; sales 9,800 bbls at $11.20@12.10 for superfine State, western, $12.50@14.10 for extra western, $14@15.10 for choice, $13.50@14.50 for shipping brand extra round hoop Ohio, and $14.60@15.80 for trade brands, closing quiet; California, firm; sales 1,800 bbls and sacks at $16.75@17.50. Rye Flour firmer; sales 150 bbls at $8.30@9.10. Whisky; no decided change, with a fair demand; sales 300 bbls western in bond at $2.10; no receipts. Wheat firm and less active; sales 31,000 bush at $2.80 for No 2 Milwaukee, $3.45 for choice amber State Indiana, and $3.50@3.55 for white California. Rye quiet; sales 5,000 bush western at $1.66@1.68. Barley quiet. Barley Malt dull. Corn; receipts of 44,442 bush; market heavy and 2@3 lower; sales of 116,000 bush at $1.35@1.37 for old mixed western in store, $1.27@1.28½ for do afloat, $1.30@1.33 for new mixed western, $1.33@1.34 for western yellow, $1.37 for new white western, $1.30@1.38 for white Southern, and $1.17 for inferior Western mixed. Oats—receipts, 10,400 bush—a shade firmer; sales of 102,000 bush at 80@85c for western, 87@88c for state. Rye quiet. Coffee firm; sales of 3,200 bags Rio on private terms; 250 Maracaibo at $1.73. Molasses nominally unchanged. Sugar steady; 1,500 bbls Cuba at 10¾@12¾c; 275 boxes Havana on private terms. Petroleum steady; 16c for crude, 29@29½c for refined in bond. New Pork steady; sales of 3,500 bbls at $25.10@25.18¾, for new mess, closing at $25.15 for cash, $22 for old mess, $19.50 for prime, and $22.12 for prime mess. Beef firm; sales of 350 bbls at previous prices. Beef hams 40@41c. Cut meats firmer; sales of 150 boxes at 9@10c, shoulders 12¾@13c. Lard—sales of 850 bbls at 12¾@13c for new. Butter more active at light. Cheese firm at 12@19c. Bacon quiet; sales of 100 boxes at 11½c for shoulders, and 13½c for long cut. Whisky firm; sales of 200 bbls at $2.10@2.11 for free grades. Wheat firm and fairly held, but with millers not disposed to operate to any extent at the present. Rye quiet and steady, at $1.66@1.67 for western. Barley quiet and firm. Oats steady, at 80@85c for western. Corn dull and heavy, old shipping mixed western held at $1.36 in store and $1.37 afloat, with buyers at $1.35 in store, and $1.37 afloat; new mixed unsettled and heavy, at $1.25@1.30. Pork lower and heavy; sales 300 bbls. new mess, at $25.05 cash, closing with sellers at $25.05 cash, and regular buyers $25. Beef steady and unchanged. Cut meats firm and in fair demand. Bacon firm, at 10¾@10¾c for Cumberland cut. Lard steady, at 13@13¼c for fair to prime steam; 13¾@13¾c for kettle rendered.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, May 7.—Tobacco unchanged. Cotton dull and heavy at 25½c for middling. Flour firm but business is slow; small sales at $10@11.25 for super, $13@16 for double extra, and $7@8 for family. Wheat firmer and higher for spring at $2.75@2.90 for good and prime spring, $3.50@3.55 for strictly prime, and $3.65 for choice. Corn buoyant and higher at $1.14@1.18@1.20, the latter for fancy. Oats—there is a further advance on account of the large demand by Government; good to prime 90@95c. Barley dull and nothing doing. Rye held higher; $1.50 offered and $1.55 asked. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Lard—no sales reported. Whisky nominal for free and $2.28 in bond.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 7.—Flour tolerably active and steady for better grades, spring extra, $12.50@14.50. Wheat was in limited demand and lower on No. 2 at $2.40@2.41 for the closing quiet at inside figures. Corn active, sales of No. 1 at $1.05@1.07½; No. 2 at 96@$1.01; closing quiet with buyers of No. 1 at $1.06, and sellers at $1.06½. Oats moderately active, at 65¼@66c for No. 2. Rye 2@3c lower, at $1.52@1.56 for No. 1. Barley quiet, at 90@92c for No. 2 in store. Provisions more active. Mess pork, $22.50. Lard, 12¾. Receipts; 4,400 bbls. of flour, 6,000 bus. wheat, 99,000 bushels barley, 2,300 head of hogs. Shipments; 3,400 bbls flour; 9,700 bushels wheat.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, May 7.—Cotton quiet. Rice 12¾@13¾, in gold, for bonded. Flour advanced 50c; for Baltimore family $18.50; for Baltimore Extra, $16@18; Spring Wheat Extra, $14.50@$15. Wheat—receipts of 4000 bushels Pa. red $3.30, for prime; no prime or choice Maryland offered. Corn quiet, lower, particularly yellow white $1.20@1.27; mixed low $1.25@1.28. Oats 70@75c. Rye $1.60. Sugar quiet, steady; 10½@10¾ for fair to good refining. Provisions dull, nothing doing. Whisky holders firm. Whiskey nominal; $2.25@$2.28, for bonded.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, May 7.—Flour quiet and the stock light; sales of 100 bbls western spring, at $13.75; 100 bbls Canadian at $10.00@$16.50. Wheat in good inquiry for Canada by millers; 15,000 bush white Canada, part to arrive, at $2.40; 10,000 bush No 1 Chicago spring at $2.00; 20,000 bush No 2 Chicago, $2.30; all in store. Corn dull, unsettled and drooping; sales of 5,000 bush No 2 Canada private at $1.14 in store; offered at $1.12 at the close, without buyers; new Toledo selling at $1.15@1.18 in store. Oats quiet.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, May 7.—Cotton unsettled; sales 3,000 bales low middling at 24@25c; receipts for four days 2,345 bales; exports 3,521 bales. Sugar scarce; 12¾@ for good, fair, 13¾@14c for prime and 15¾@16c for choice; molasses nominal and unchanged. Flour very firm: Superfine $8.25. Mess Pork $25.50. Lard 16¾ and scarce. Bacon only a jobbing business done at 9@9½c for shoulders; 11½ 12c for ribbed sides; 12¾@12¾c for clear sides.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, May 7.—Flour quiet; extra State, $13@14; superfine, $10.50. Wheat; there was an improved demand; sales of 3,000 bush., Pennsylvania red, $3.30, for western, $3.50. Rye, $1.65. Corn in fair demand; sales of 3,000 bush. of yellow at $1.22, and 37,000 bush. of white on private terms. Oats in fair demand at 80c. Provisions dull. Coffee dull. Sugar in fair demand; Cuba, 10½c. Whisky unchanged.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, May 7.—Tobacco higher; sales of 207 hhds.; light leaf, $5; medium to fine, $15@16. Sour Flour, good brands, $10.00@11.50. Wheat is nominal. Corn; shelled, $1.13@1.16. Corn Meal better at $1.05. Oats; bulk, 65@70c. Provisions quiet. Bacon; shoulders, 9@9½c packed; clear sides, 12½c. Lard; tierces, 12½c. Raw Whiskey, $2.23 free. Cotton, 22c for low middling.

Cambridge Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CAMBRIDGE, May 7.—Beef Cattle—Receipts —284 head. Although the quality is small there is no advance in prices; extra, $13.50@14.50; first quality, $12.50@13; second quality, $11.50@12. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 116 head. The supply is light, without any advance on the rates and but little demand; sales at $4@9 for spring; lambs $4@8.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, May 7.—Business is dull. Cotton dull; middling, at 23@23½c; receipts of 61,27. Oats, at 87@90c. Bran $10 per ton. Flour steady; superfine, at $9.50@10. Mess Pork, at $25.50@25.75; clear sides, 12½@; plain sugar cured hams, 14@16c; shoulders, 10½c. Lard, at 14@14½c. No change in the other markets.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 7.—Beef cattle quiet, at $4.75@5.50 for common to extra steers; $2.75@3.90 forgood to extra choice steers. Hogs active, at $6.12½@6.40 for common to choice assorted, and $6.50@6.60 for choice smooth. Sheep active and firm, at $6.75@$8.15.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., May 7—6 bdls mdse, Hare & Bro; 12 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 5 pkgs eggs, H Richie; 45 bdls keg headings, H P Adams; 60 bdls broom handles, McElroy & Harrison; 1 car hay, Steinbach & Schott; 1 car scrap iron, J Hinkle; 1 car corn, A Taylor; 1 bbl midse, E Heazleton; 9 tubs butter, J B Crandall & Son; 65 sks flour, W J Brandon; 9 do do, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 14 pkgs, McKee & Bro; 160 sks rye, H Rea jr; 100 bbls flour, C B Leech; 200 do do, S Lindsay jr; 300 do do, owner; 225 sacks malt, 25 barrels spirits, J S Finch; 300 hides, J H Ralston; 5 bbls crackers, J P Paddon; 5 pkgs tea, Newcomer & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, May 7.—120 sks potatoes, owner; 4 bbls eggs, 4 kgs lard, 1 bbl butter, Voigt & Co; 58 bbls plaster, W W Wallace; 5 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 5 do do, Wood & Lukens; 1 car staves, Wm Hastings; 3 sks potatoes, J McAlpin; 43 sks barley, W Reno; 4 bbls mdse, 4 do cornmeal, R McKinney; 4 bbls eggs, 2 do butter, 100 boxes soap, 3 pkgs potash, E Heazleton; 4 do produce, T Bell; 60 pkgs eggs, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 8 bbls sugar, D A Hall; 14 do do, Carter, McGraw & Co; 12 pkgs fish, L B Bowie; 10 do do, W Laughlin.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R., May 7—4 cars corn, L G Graff & Co; 2 do hay, Campbell & Brown; 120 half bbls herrings, Hare & Bro; 2 cars coal, Moore & Hemingway; 25 m shingles, G D Whitcomb; 15 sks corn, McHenry & Hood; 12 do do, J Gibson; 2 bbls eggs, J B Meanor; 4 sks seed, J Knox; 50 barrels flour, Shomaker & Lang; 19 bbls potatoes, C Dickson; 25 half bbls fish, Atwell, Lee & Co; 2 cars staves, Binging & Gunther, 10 bbls lobsters, Wyman & Bro.

ALLEGHENY STATION, May 7—4 bbls eggs, Robinson & Allenwood; 4 bxs soap, Shuiz & Danner; 2 pkgs lard, 9 do butter, J Herbert; 10 bxs soap, Hahn & Hadley; 1 car mail, Smith & Co; 1 car corn and feed, Stewart & Langenheim; 1 car wheat, W McKee; 1 keg lard, R & A Carson.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R., May 6.—1 car nails, Martin, Brickell & Co; 1 car metal, Rees, Graff & Bull; 1 do do, A Laughlin; 10 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 1 bbl eggs, Danley & Bro; 1 do do, 7 sks dry apples, S Cooper; 2 pkgs tobacco, McCullough, Smith & Co; 75 sks oats, Bricker & Co.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE R. R., May 6.—1 bbl dry fruit, 1 do butter, Newcomer, Goe & Co; 45 bdls paper, Markle & Co; 45 sks oats, A J Hagan; 2 cars metal, S M Wickingham.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED has this day disposed of his entire stock of BOOTS AND SHOES to Mr. J. F. McCALL, who will continue the business at the old stand, 334 LIBERTY STREET.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, I would ask a continuance of the same to my successor.

J. D. RAMALEY.

PITTSBURGH, April 1st, 1867. ap16:1x43

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RIVER NEWS.

The river is again swelling at this point, under the influence of the recent rains, the Allegheny marks last evening indicating ten and a half feet. At Oil City, at last accounts, the Allegheny was rising with six and a half feet. Here the weather was cloudy and unsettled yesterday, with indications of more rain.

The Ida Rees No. 2 arrived from Oil City, and the Urilda left for that point last evening. The Echo is due here to-night.

Capt. Thomas Rogers, late of the ill-fated W. H. Osborn, destroyed by fire at New Orleans some months since, has contracted for a fine new side-wheel boat for the New Orleans and Montgomery, Alabama, trade, she will be complete in every respect, and Captain Rogers expects to be able to carry 2500 bales of cotton.

The Argosy arrived from Cincinnati about eleven o'clock on Monday night, having made the run in a little over three days. The Lorena, from St. Louis, and the Kenton, from New Orleans, are among the first boats due.

The fowboats Niagara and Mary Davage got off since the date of our last report, with lows of coal. The Davage, we understand, goes to Cairo—we did not learn the destination of the Niagara.

The Argosy, Capt. Vandergrift, is the regular packet for Cincinnati to-day, leaving promptly at noon. The Argosy has become a permanent institution in the Pittsburgh and Cincinnati trade, and she usually has good trips each way. The Ida Rees, Captain Joe Brown, is loading for Cincinnati and Louisville, and will leave on Friday or Saturday.

The Armenia, Capt. A. C. McCallum, sr., with Mr. A. C. McCallum, jr., in the office, leaves for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi to-day, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind.

The Lorena and Kenton left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Saturday, and the Glendale and Julia No. 2 were advertised to leave low on Monday.

The Great Republic and Richmond were both advertised to leave New Orleans on Saturday night—the former for St. Louis and the latter for Louisville. We may hear of a trial of speed between these rival steamers.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* says: The Richmond must look to her laurels, as the St. Charles has beaten her time from New Orleans to Louisville eight hours. The St. Charles has made a business trip from New Orleans to Louisville in five days and ten hours.

The correspondent of the same paper at Evansville, telegraphs as follows: The St. Charles was pretty light, but had a good passenger list. She was up four days, seventeen hours and fifteen minutes from New Orleans, and did a big way business. The best time since the Shotwell and the Natchez made their famous race from New Richmond made. The packets have good trips. The Silver Moon claims to have passed the Armada, but we have not seen it. They ran together from Paducah to the Island, when the Moon ran straight to the point, while the Armada ran up the island and stopped for freight.

Capt. Joseph Smith, jr., arrived at Cincinnati from New Orleans on Sunday. He says that the Cowboat Lake Erie, with five coal boats and eight barges in tow, containing 200,000 bushels of coal, over 8,000 bbls of coal oil, and 1,000 bbls of lard, made the run from Louisville to New Orleans, in eight days and eight hours. This is reasonably quick time for so large a tow. The Lake Erie left Memphis on the 28th, with sixteen empty coal barges in tow for Pittsburgh.

The New Orleans *Commercial Bulletin*, of Thursday, says: The arrivals, though light embraced some of the larger boats, among them the famous race horse, Gold Dust, a rousing consignment, including some sixteen hundred tons of freight (after doing a heavy way business) and quite full of passengers. In commendation of Capts. Tom and Donaldson—who does kind things on more—we may mention incidentally that he delivered, through the kind offices of Vicksburg, *free of charge*, one hundred and forty sacks of corn for the suffering poor on the levee. The man or men who extend a helping hand in these trying times will never be forgotten.

The Memphis *Appeal* says, of Friday, says: Shippers have frequently made complaints about the detention of their freights at Cairo, and Capt. Cannon has consulted to send the trips of the Quitman and Lee to Cairo. The mob line agent at Cairo, endeavored to crowd the Lee and Quitman off, but Cairo, by doing a fair business when they have opposition—that is cut down rates, but in this instance it would win. Capt. Cannon intends to run the Lee and Quitman to Cairo at all hazards, and both of the packets are worthy of patronage and we feel assured Capt. Cannon, single-side of the great monopoly, will do justice, and give them encouragement. The Lee and Quitman perform the best time in safe fare, speed and comfort, and she is always as regular as clock work.

The officers of the Dan Able report the storm of Tuesday night truly terrific as the likken's Bend. Large trees were twisted from their roots, houses were blown down, and the people were terror stricken at the severity of the storm. One noticeable incident was that of a house being lifted with its occupants by the wind, carried a few yards, and landed safely, not an accident occurring to the family inhabiting it. The officers say they have had the heaviest storm they ever experienced.

A correspondent on board the mountain steamer *Wyandotte*, writes under date of April 21st, at Fort Randall: "Boats are making remarkably good time, having passed every boat that left ahead of us, seven in number. Yesterday we passed the David Watts at St. Charles; Yorktown at Hermann; Amelia Poe at Leavington; Only Chance at Omaha; Ben Johnson at Glendale, laid up, unable to stem the current, and Walter B. Dance at Sioux City; and have no doubt passed others since then. We have lost four days since leaving Omaha, on account of ice, and have had a very strong current to stem, which is now being very high, although it is now falling rapidly. We are afraid it will fall as fast as it rose.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.—The splendid and swift steamer ..... Capt. J. BROWN. Will leave as above on WEDNESDAY, the 8th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to my8 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL.—The fine steamer ARMENIA ..... Capt. A. C. McCALLUM, Will leave as above on TUESDAY, May 7th, at 10 o'clock A. M.

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